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### **Attic Quiz**

Instructions Fee \$30

- 1. Print these pages and Click Here for the **necessary** OSHA reference materials.
- 2. Answer the **Simple questions** that closely follow the reference materials in a **consecutive** order.
- 3. Circle the correct answers and transfer the answers to the answer sheets (see last 2 pages).
- 4. Page down to the last page for the <u>verification form</u>, answer sheets and mailing instructions.

#### 3 hour course for:

- 1. Registered-Beginner Electrician
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- 3. Commercial Plumbing Inspector
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- 7. Master plumber
- 8. Journeyman Plumber
- 9. Master Electrician
- 10. Residential Journeyman Electrician
- 11. Residential Master Electrician
- 12. UDC-Electrical Inspector
- 13. UDC-Plumbing Inspector

Questions: call Amy at 920-727-9200 or 920-740-4119 or 920-740-6723 or email <u>aklinka@hotmail.com</u>

## Reducing Falls during Residential Construction: Working in Attics

1. The fall protection methods in this fact sheet be suitable in all situations.  a. may	
b. should	
c. may not	
d. none of the above	
2. Working in a low attic can be difficult. Employees moving through these spaces may be exposed to fall	1
hazards at the openings between	1
a. truss webs	
b. truss top chords	
c. truss chords	
d. all of the above	
3. In all cases, must evaluate the hazards and take steps to reduce the risk of falls. Using	
appropriate fall protection measures reduces risks and saves lives.	
a. employees	
b. employers	
c. own owners	
d. all of the above	
4. Before beginning the job, identify fall protection needs. Survey the attic to determine what fall	
protection systems can be used. Plan ahead and have those systems in place while the workers report to	
the job.	
a. true	
b. false	
5. Workers can be injured if they fall through the ceiling to a lower level. Employers must determine if	
the walking/working surfaces in attics have the to support workers safely	
a. strength	
b. structural integrity	
c. both a & b	
d. none of the above	

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6. Only after this determination of the structural integrity has been made should workers be allowed to those areas.
a. resume work in
b. enter
c. reoccupy
d. all of the above
7. If the area around the plywood or planking is open, and the work area is feet or more above a lower
level, the employer generally must ensure that workers use fall protection meeting OSHA requirements
a. 4
b. 6
c. 8
d. 10
8. OSHA's fall protection requirements for residential construction work performed on scaffolds and ladders are specified in Subpart L and Subpart X, respectively, in 29 CFR 1926.501(b)(13)).
a. are located
b. partly located
c. are not d. none of the above
9. A PFAS is designed to safely stop a fall before the worker strikes a lower level. The system includes
three major components:
a. An anchorage to which the other components of the PFAS are rigged.
b. A full body belt or harness worn by the worker.
c. A connector, such as a lanyard or lifeline, linking the harness to the anchorage. A rip-stitch
lanyard, or deceleration device, is typically a part of the system.
d. both a & c
10. For more information on the requirements for a PFAS, refer to
a. 29 CFR 1926.502(d)
b. Subpart L
c. Subpart X
d. all of the above
11. Remember that workers must use full-body belts or harnesses in fall arrest systems.
a. true
b. false
12 can cause serious injury during a fall, and OSHA prohibits their use as part of fall arrest systems
a. Body belts
b. Body Harness
c. Lanyard
d. Lifeline
13. OSHA requires that anchors for a PFAS either be able to hold at least pounds per worker
and be used under the supervision of a qualified person.
a. 3000
b. 4000
c. 5000
d. 500
14. OSHA requires that anchors for a PFAS either be able to hold at least maintain a safety factor of at
least and be used under the supervision of a qualified person.
a. two
b. twice the impact load
c. triple the impact load
d. both a & b

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15. Always follow the manufacturer's instructions or consult a qualified person when installing
to ensure that they are strong enough to hold the sudden weight of a falling worker.
a. lifeline
b. lanyard
c. anchors
d. all of the above
16. There are anchorages available on the market that can meet OSHA's strength requirements if they are
installed in accord with the manufacturer's instructions, with the right number of properly sized
a. nails
b. screws
c. both a & b
d. none of the above
17. Also, employers may find it possible to provide safe anchorage down the length of an entire attic by
properly installing an engineered horizontal
a. lifeline
b. lanyard
c. anchors
d. all of the above
18. With advance planning on new construction projects, some anchorage systems can be preinstalled
before the trusses are lifted into position. This method permits workers to attach theirto an
anchorage immediately upon entering the attic space.
a. lifeline
b. lanyard
c. anchors
d. all of the above
19. A self-retracting lanyard is appropriate for a fall restraint system when the worker can reach the fall
hazard when the lanyard is fully extended.
a. true
b. false
20. A fall restraint system is comprised of a body belt or body harness, an anchorage, connectors, and
other necessary equipment.
a. true
b. false
21. OSHA recommends that fall restraint systems have the capacity to withstand pounds of force
a. 2000
b. 3000
c. 4000
d. 5000
22. o OSHA recommends that fall restraint systems have the capacity of twice the minimum expected
force that is needed to restrain the worker from exposure to the fall hazard.
a. true
b. false
o. Idibe
23, stationary or mobile, can be erected below the attic work area. Workers on the scaffold
can work between truss chords and joists to perform some installation activities.
a. Safety Nets
b. Scaffolds
c. Ladders
d. none of the above

garyklinka.com Page **4** of **6** 24. A-frame and platform can provide safe platforms from which workers on the lower level can perform some tasks in the attic above. a. Safety Nets b. Scaffolds c. Ladders d. none of the above 25. In some situations, employers may be able to place \_\_\_\_\_ underneath truss chords to prevent workers from falling to the level below. \_\_\_\_\_ must be installed to prevent contact with the surface or structures below them. a. Safety Nets b. Scaffolds c. Ladders d. none of the above 26. As a result, fall protection may be a viable way to provide fall restraint in situations in which the employer has concerns about the adequacy of available anchorage points for fall arrest equipment. a. true b. false 27. When working at heights of 6 feet or greater, the employer is not allowed use ladders or scaffolds. a. true b. false 28. OSHA Standard: 29 CFR 1926 Subpart – Fall Protection. b. L c. M d. F 29. State Plan Guidance: \_\_\_\_\_ states or territories currently operate their own OSHA approved state plans. a. 25 b. 26 c. 27

30. State plan workplace health and safety standards must be at least as effective as comparable Federal OSHA standards. State plans have the option of promulgating more stringent standards and, therefore,

may have additional requirements for residential construction.

d. 50

a. trueb. false

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# **Attic Falling Quiz-Answer Sheet**

<u>1</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>11</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>21</u>	a	b	c	d
<u>2</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>12</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>22</u>	a	b	c	d
<u>3</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>13</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>23</u>	a	b	c	d
<u>4</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>14</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>24</u>	a	b	c	d
<u>5</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>15</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>25</u>	a	b	c	d
<u>6</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>16</u>	a	b	c	d	<u> 26</u>	a	b	c	d
<u>7</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>17</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>27</u>	a	b	c	d
<u>8</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>18</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>28</u>	a	b	c	d
<u>9</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>19</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>29</u>	a	b	c	d
<u>10</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>20</u>	a	b	c	d	<u>30</u>	a	b	c	d

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# 1. The answer sheet and this page only.

- 2. Fill out this form below completely.
- 3. Applicable fees by check payable to Gary Klinka.
- 4. Mail to: Gary Klinka at 228 Mandella Ct Neenah WI 54956.

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Instructor Signature		