Instructions: **Fees: $60**

1. Print these pages.
2. Answer the simple question that follow the easy to follow mini-sections.
3. Circle the correct answers and transfer to the answer sheets on last pages.
4. Page down to the last page for the verification forms, answer sheets and mailing instructions.

This 6-hour course is approved for:

1. Dwelling Contractor Qualifier Certification
2. UDC Construction Inspector

SPS 320 Code Quiz part 1

ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

PS 320.01 Purpose.

(1) The purpose of this code is to establish uniform statewide construction standards and inspection procedures for one- and 2-family dwellings and modular homes in accordance with the requirements of ss. 101.60 and 101.70, Stats.

(2) The purpose of this code is to establish uniform installation and inspection procedures for manufactured homes in accordance with the requirements of s. 101.96, Stats.

Note: The design and construction of manufactured homes is regulated by the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development under Title 24 CFR Part 3280.

Note: See ch. SPS 305 for licensing requirements for manufactured home manufacturers and manufactured home installers.

Note: Other agencies may have regulations that affect the design, construction or placement of the dwelling and accessory structures or systems serving the dwelling. The regulations may necessitate additional administrative procedures or inspections for compliance.

1. SPS_____ is for licensing requirements for manufactured home manufacturers and manufactured home installers.
   a. 320
   b. 321
   c. 323
   d. 305
2. The design and construction of _____ is regulated by the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development.
   a. modular homes
   b. manufactured homes
   c. 1 and 2 family homes
   d. none of the above
3. The purpose of this code is to establish uniform _____procedures for manufactured homes in accordance with the requirements of s. 101.96, Stats.
   a. installation
   b. inspection
   c. both a & b
   d. none of the above
4. The purpose of this code is to establish uniform _____ construction standards and inspection procedures for one- and 2-family dwellings and modular homes.
   a. countywide
   b. citywide
   c. statewide
   d. none of the above

SPS 320.02 Scope.

(1) GENERAL. The provisions of this code apply to all of the following:

(a) All one- and 2-family dwellings built on or after the effective dates under s. SPS 320.03.

Note: This includes site-built dwellings, manufactured buildings used as dwellings, modular homes and dwellings that may be designated as cabins, seasonal homes, temporary residences, etc., (except for manufactured or HUD homes, which are covered separately under this section).

(b) Adult family homes providing care, treatment and services for 3 or 4 unrelated adults built on or after the effective dates under s. SPS 320.03.

(c) Community-based residential facilities providing care, treatment and services for 5 to 8 unrelated adults built on or after the effective dates under s. SPS 320.03.

(ce) A one- or 2-family dwelling built on or after the effective dates under s. SPS 320.03 that is used as a foster home or group home, or as a residential care center for children and youth that has a capacity for 8 or fewer children, all as defined in s. 48.02, Stats. Where such a home or center is operated in each dwelling unit of a 2-family dwelling, the capacity limit for each unit is independent of the other unit only if the two operations are independent of each other.

Note: Note: The definitions in s. 48.02, Stats., limit foster homes to no more than 4 children unless the children are siblings, and limit group homes to no more than 8 children. Where permitted by the Department of Children and Families, a group home or a residential care center for children and youth that has a capacity for 8 or fewer children may be located in a one- or 2-family dwelling as a community living arrangement, as defined in s. 46.03 (22), Stats.

(cm) A one- or 2-family dwelling built on or after the effective dates under s. SPS 320.03, in which a public or private day care center for 8 or fewer children is located. Where such a day care center is operated in each dwelling unit of a 2-family dwelling, the capacity limit for each unit is independent of the other unit only if the two operations are independent of each other.

Note: Chapter DCF 250, as administered by the Department of Children and Families, defines a “family child care center" as being “a facility where a person provides care and supervision for less than 24 hours a day for at least 4 and not more than 8 children who are not related to the provider." Chapter DCF 250 applies various licensing and other requirements to these centers, including for fire protection and other aspects of the physical plant.

(cs)

1. Any portion of or space within a one- or 2-family dwelling built on or after the effective dates under s. SPS 320.03, in which a home occupation is located.

2. In this paragraph, “ home occupation" means any business, profession, trade, or employment conducted in a person's dwelling unit, that may involve the person's immediate family or household and a maximum of one other unrelated person, but does not involve any of the following:

a. Explosives, fireworks, or repair of motor vehicles.

b. More than 25% of the habitable floor area of the dwelling unit.

Note: See chs. SPS 361 to 366 for buildings that are beyond the scope of this code.

(d) The onsite installation of a mobile home or manufactured home on piers, regardless of the date of production of the home.

Note: The design and construction of a manufactured home is regulated by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and is not subject to UDC requirements. Prior to regulation by HUD in 1976, manufactured homes were known as mobile homes and their design and construction were not uniformly regulated. See s. SPS 320.07 (52m) for the statutory definition.

(e) The onsite installation of a manufactured home, regardless of the type of foundation, where the manufactured home has a production date on or after April 1, 2007.

(f) The design and construction of a crawlspace, basement or foundation, other than piers, under a manufactured home where the manufactured home has a production date on or after the effective dates under s. SPS 320.03.

(g) All garages, carports, porches, stoops, decks, balconies, stairways and similar structures that are attached to any building covered under this section that was constructed or had a production date on or after the effective dates under s. SPS 320.03.

(h) Adjacent, unattached structures listed under par. (g) that serve an exit from a dwelling.

5. The provisions of this code apply to the following:
   a. The onsite installation of a mobile home or manufactured home on piers
   b. Adult family homes providing care, treatment and services for 3 or 4 unrelated adults built on or after the effective dates
   c. All one- and 2-family dwellings built on or after the effective dates
   d. all of the above

6. The provisions of this code apply to the following:
   a. All garages, carports, porches, stoops, decks, balconies, stairways and similar structures that are attached to any building covered under this section that was constructed or had a production date on or after the effective dates

b. The design and construction of a crawlspace, basement or foundation, other than piers, under a manufactured home where the manufactured home has a production date on or after the effective dates

c. The onsite installation of a manufactured home, regardless of the type of foundation, where the manufactured home has a production date on or after April 1, 2007

d. all of the above

7. The provisions of this code apply to a community-based residential facilities providing care, treatment and services for_____ unrelated adults built on or after the effective dates.

a. 4 to 8

b. 5 to 8

c. 5 to 9

d. none of the above

8. The provisions of this code apply to a one- or 2-family dwelling built on or after the effective dates under s. SPS 320.03, in which a public or private day care center for_____ or fewer children is located.

a. 4

b. 6

c. 8

d. 10

9. “Home occupation" means any business, profession, trade, or employment conducted in a person's dwelling unit, that may involve the person's immediate family or household and a maximum of one other unrelated person, but does not involve any of the following:

a. Explosives or fireworks

b. More than 25% of the habitable floor area of the dwelling unit

c. repair of motor vehicles

d. all of the above

(2) MUNICIPAL ORDINANCES.

(a) A municipality may not adopt an ordinance on any subject falling within the scope of this code including establishing restrictions on the occupancy of dwellings for any reason other than noncompliance with the provisions of this code as set forth in s. SPS 320.10 (4). This code does not apply to occupancy requirements occurring after the first occupancy for residential purposes following the final inspection required under s. SPS 320.10 (3) (h).

(b) This code shall not be construed to affect local requirements relating to land use, zoning, post-construction storm water management, fire districts, side, front and rear setback requirements, property line requirements or other similar requirements. This code shall not affect the right of municipalities to establish safety regulations for the protection of the public from hazards at the job site.

(c) Any municipality may, by ordinance, require permits and fees for any construction, additions, alterations or repairs not within the scope of this code.

(d) Any municipality may, by ordinance, adopt the provisions of chs. SPS 320 to 325 to apply to any additions or alterations to existing dwellings.

(e) Nothing in this chapter shall prevent a municipality from any of the following:

1. Implementing erosion and sediment control requirements that are more stringent than the standards of this code when directed by an order of the United States Environmental Protection Agency or by an administrative rule of the department of natural resources under s. NR 151.004.

2. Regulating erosion and sediment control for sites that are not under the scope of this chapter.

(f) This code shall not be construed to affect the authority of the Department of Natural Resources to enforce chapters 281 and 283, Stats., and administrative rules promulgated there under.

(3) LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY. The department or the municipality having jurisdiction shall not assume legal responsibility for the design or construction of dwellings.

(4) RETROACTIVITY. The provisions of this code are not retroactive, except as specifically stated in a rule.

(6) LANDSCAPING. Except for construction erosion control, the scope of this code does not extend to driveways, sidewalks, landscaping and other similar features not having an impact on the dwelling structure.

SPS 320.03 Effective date. The effective date of ch. SPS 322 is December 1, 1978. The effective date of chs. SPS 320, 321, 323, 324 and 325 is June 1, 1980.

10. (d) Any municipality may, by ordinance, adopt the provisions of chs. SPS 320 to 325 to apply to _____ to existing dwellings.
    a. additions
    b. alterations
    c. both a or b
    d. none of the above
11. (c) Any municipality may, by ordinance, require _____ for any construction, additions, alterations or repairs not within the scope of this code.
    a. permits
    b. fees
    c. both a or b
    d. none of the above
12. The department or the municipality having jurisdiction shall not assume legal responsibility for the _____ of dwellings.
    a. design
    b. construction
    c. both a or b
    d. none of the above
13. Except for construction erosion control, the scope of this code does not extend to _____ not having an impact on the dwelling structure.
    a. driveways
    b. landscaping
    c. sidewalks
    d. all of the above
14. This code shall not be construed to affect local requirements relating to _____.
    a. land use
    b. property line requirements
    c. zoning
    d. all of the above
15. The effective date of ch. SPS 322 is _____.
    a. December 1, 1978
    b. December 1, 1980
    c. June 1, 1978
    d. June 1, 1980
16. The effective date of chs. SPS 320, 321, 323, 324 and 325 is_____.
    a. December 1, 1978
    b. December 1, 1980
    c. June 1, 1978
    d. June 1, 1980

SPS 320.04 Applications.

(1) NEW DWELLINGS.

(a) This code applies to all dwellings, dwelling units and foundations for dwelling units, for which the building permit application was made or construction commenced on or after the effective date of this code.

(b) All dwellings covered under par. (a) shall meet the requirements of ch. SPS 321.

(c)

1. The installation of heating, air conditioning, plumbing or electrical systems is not required.

2. If any of the systems under subd. 1. are installed, the systems and their installation shall comply with this code.

3. If a heating or air conditioning system is installed, the dwelling shall comply with ch. SPS 322.

(2) ADDITIONS AND ALTERATIONS. Additions and alterations to dwellings covered by this code shall comply with all provisions of this code at the time of permit application or the beginning of the project, if no permit is required.

(3) BED AND BREAKFAST ESTABLISHMENTS. The following portions of a bed and breakfast establishment shall comply with the provisions of this code:

(a) The third floor when used for other than storage.

(b) A structural addition, for which no use other than as a bed and breakfast establishment is proposed.

(4) CHANGE OF USE. A building previously used for another purpose, such as a barn or garage, shall comply with this code upon conversion to residential use.

(5) REUSE OF A DWELLING OR FOUNDATION.

(a) *Existing dwelling or manufactured home placed on a different foundation.* Where an existing dwelling or manufactured home is placed on a different foundation, the new foundation is considered an addition or alteration to the existing dwelling or manufactured home.

Note: The applicability of this code to an addition or alteration to an existing dwelling or manufactured home is determined by the original date of construction of the dwelling or manufactured home and is not altered by any movement of the structure.

(b) *New dwelling or manufactured home.* A new dwelling or manufactured home placed on a new or existing foundation shall meet the permitting, construction and inspection requirements of a new dwelling or manufactured home.

(6) SEPARATED BUILDINGS. For a building to be considered a separate single-family dwelling or a separate 2-family dwelling within the scope of this code, regardless of ownership or occupancy arrangements, all of the following conditions shall be met:

(a) No structural members other than a common footing may be shared between any 2 dwellings.

Note: Two separated, insulated foundation walls may share the same structural footing.

(b) The adjoining exterior walls of the separate dwellings shall each have exterior coverings meeting the requirements of s. SPS 321.24.

(c) The adjoining exterior walls, including foundations, of the separate dwellings shall each meet the energy requirements under ch. SPS 322, irrespective of any adjacent dwelling.

(d) Both sides of any 2 adjoining walls, floors, ceilings and attics between dwellings shall meet the dwelling separation requirements of s. SPS 321.08 (1) for 2 dwellings on the same property less than 5 feet apart.

Note: 1. Flashing is acceptable to connect the roofs between dwelling units. See ch. SPS 325 Appendix A for further information.

2. A building of 3 or more dwelling units without the separations specified in this section is a commercial building and shall meet the requirements set forth in chs. SPS 361 to 366.

17. This code applies to all_____, for which the building permit application was made or construction commenced on or after the effective date of this code.
    a. dwellings
    b. dwelling units
    c. foundations for dwelling units
    d. all of the above

18. _____ to dwellings covered by this code shall comply with all provisions of this code at the time of permit application or the beginning of the project, if no permit is required.
    a. Additions
    b. Alterations
    c. Repairs
    d. both a or b

19. The following portions of a bed and breakfast establishment shall comply with the provisions of this code:
    a. The third floor when used for storage.
    b. A structural addition, for which no use other than as a bed and breakfast establishment is proposed.
    c. both a or b
    d. none of the above

20. Where an existing dwelling or manufactured home is placed on a different foundation, the new foundation is considered an _____ to the existing dwelling or manufactured home.
    a. addition
    b. alteration
    c. both a or b
    d. none of the above

21. A new dwelling or manufactured home placed on a new or existing foundation shall meet the permitting, construction and inspection requirements of a _____ dwelling or manufactured home.
    a. existing
    b. used
    c. new
    d. repaired

22. For a building to be considered a separate single-family dwelling or a separate 2-family dwelling within the scope of this code, regardless of ownership or occupancy arrangements, the following conditions shall be met:

(a) No structural members other than a common footing may be shared between any 2 dwellings.
(b) The adjoining exterior walls of the separate dwellings shall each have exterior coverings meeting the requirements of s. SPS 321.24.
(c) The adjoining exterior walls, including foundations, of the separate dwellings shall each meet the energy requirements under ch. SPS 322, irrespective of any adjacent dwelling.
d. all of the above

23. For a building to be considered a separate single-family dwelling or a separate 2-family dwelling within the scope of this code, regardless of ownership or occupancy arrangements, the following condition shall be met: (d) Both sides of any 2 adjoining walls, floors, ceilings and attics between dwellings shall meet the dwelling separation requirements of s. SPS 321.08 (1) for 2 dwellings on the same property less than _____ feet apart.

a. 3
b. 4
c. 5
d. 10

SPS 320.05 Exemptions.

(1) EXISTING DWELLINGS. The provisions of this code shall not apply to dwellings and dwelling units, the construction of which was commenced prior to the effective date of this code, or to additions or alterations to such dwellings.

Note: The provisions of chs. SPS 320 to 325 may be adopted by a municipality to apply to any additions or alterations to existing dwellings.

(2) MULTIFAMILY DWELLINGS. The provisions of this code shall not apply to residences occupied by 3 or more families living independently or occupied by 2 such families and used also for business purposes.

(3) REPAIRS. The provisions of this code do not apply to repairs or maintenance to dwellings or dwelling units, or to the repair of electrical, plumbing, heating, ventilating, air conditioning and other systems installed therein.

(4) ACCESSORY BUILDINGS. With the exception of s. SPS 321.08 (1), the provisions of this code do not apply to detached garages or to any accessory buildings detached from the dwelling.

(5) DETACHED DECKS. The provisions of this code do not apply to detached decks provided the deck does not serve an exit from the dwelling.

(6) FARM BUILDINGS. The provisions of this code do not apply to the buildings used exclusively for farm operations and not for human habitation.

(7) INDIAN RESERVATIONS. The provisions of this code do not apply to dwellings located on Indian reservation land held in trust by the United States.

(8) MANUFACTURED AND MODULAR HOMES. The provisions of this code do not apply to manufactured homes and modular homes used exclusively for display purposes.

(9) MOTOR HOMES AND RECREATIONAL VEHICLES. The provisions of this code do not apply to motor homes and recreational vehicles that are, or have been, titled through the department of transportation.

Note: Section 340.01 (33m) and (48r), Stats., read as follows:

(33m) “Motor home" means a motor vehicle designed to be operated upon a highway for use as a temporary or recreational dwelling and having the same internal characteristics and equipment as a mobile home.

(48r) “Recreational vehicle" means a vehicle that is designed to be towed upon a highway by a motor vehicle, that is equipped and used, or intended to be used, primarily for temporary or recreational human habitation, that has walls of rigid construction, and that does not exceed 45 feet in length.

Note: In accordance with Wis. Stat. s. 342.05 (1), the owner of a (recreational) vehicle, whether or not such vehicle is operated on any highway of this state, shall make application for certificate of title for the vehicle with the department of transportation. Examples of recreational vehicles are: travel trailer, 5th wheel and “park model". Recreational vehicles are normally constructed to the standards: ANSI/NFPA 1192, Standard for RVs, and NFPA 70, National Electrical Code. Recreational vehicles require a towbar (hitch), chassis, axles and wheels for transportation. At the installation site, the chassis and axles shall remain on the unit, with the towbar (hitch) and wheels left at the site. Otherwise the unit, including a park model, is subject to the UDC.

(10) CAMPING UNITS. The provisions of this code do not apply to camping units subject to the provisions of ch. SPS 327.

(11) RELIGIOUS WAIVER. The provisions of this code do not apply to dwellings where a religious waiver has been accepted by the authority having jurisdiction or the department under s. 101.648, Stats.

(12) PRIMITIVE RURAL HUNTING CABINS. The provisions of this code do not apply to a primitive rural hunting cabin.

24. The provisions of this code do not apply to _____ used exclusively for display purposes.
    a. Accessory buildings
    b. Farm buildings
    c. Indian reservations
    d. Manufactured and modular homes
25. The provisions of this code do not apply to dwellings located on _____ land held in trust by the United States.
    a. Accessory buildings
    b. Farm buildings
    c. Indian reservation
    d. Manufactured and modular homes
26. The provisions of this code do not apply to the buildings used exclusively for _____ operations and not for human habitation.
    a. Accessory buildings
    b. farm
    c. Indian reservations
    d. Manufactured and modular homes
27. The provisions of this code do not apply to detached decks provided the deck does not serve an _____ from the dwelling.
    a. exit
    b. walkway
    c. thruway
    d. load path
28. With the exception of s. SPS 321.08 (1), the provisions of this code do not apply to detached garages or to any _____ detached from the dwelling.
    a. Existing dwellings
    b. Multifamily dwellings
    c. repairs
    d. accessory buildings
29. The provisions of this code do not apply to _____ to dwellings or dwelling units.
    a. maintenance
    b. repairs
    c. both a or d
    d. none of the above
30. The provisions of this code shall not apply to residences occupied by 3 or more families living independently or occupied by 2 such families and used also for business purposes defines:
    a. Existing dwellings
    b. Multifamily dwellings
    c. repairs
    d. Accessory buildings
31. The provisions of this code shall not apply to dwellings and dwelling units, the construction of which was commenced prior to the effective date of this code, or to additions or alterations to such dwellings defines:
    a. Existing dwellings
    b. Multifamily dwellings
    c. repairs
    d. Accessory buildings
32. The provisions of this code do not apply to dwellings where a _____ has been accepted by the authority having jurisdiction or the department under s. 101.648, Stats.
    a. Motor homes and recreational vehicles
    b. camping units
    c. religious waiver
    d. Primitive rural hunting cabins
33. The provisions of this code do not apply to _____ subject to the provisions of ch. SPS 327.
    a. Motor homes and recreational vehicles

b. camping units
c. Religious waiver
d. Primitive rural hunting cabins

34. The provisions of this code do not apply to _____ that are, or have been, titled through the department of transportation.

a. motor homes and recreational vehicles
b. camping units
c. religious waiver
d. Primitive rural hunting cabins

Subchapter II — Jurisdiction

SPS 320.06 Procedure for municipalities.

(1) MUNICIPAL JURISDICTION.

(a) *General.*

1. Except as provided in ss. 101.65 (1c) and 101.651 (1) and (2m), Stats., cities, villages and towns shall exercise jurisdiction over the construction and inspection of new dwellings.

Note: Section 101.65 (1c), Stats., reads as follows:

101.65 Municipal authority. Except as provided by s. 101.651, cities, villages, towns and counties:

(1c) May not make or enforce an ordinance under sub. (1) that is applied to a dwelling and that does not conform to this subchapter and the uniform dwelling code adopted by the department under this subchapter or is contrary to an order of the department under this subchapter. If any provision of a contract between a city, village, town, or county and an owner requires the owner to comply with an ordinance that does not conform to this subchapter or the uniform dwelling code adopted by the department under this subchapter or is contrary to an order of the department under this subchapter, the owner may waive the provision, and the provision, if waived, is void and unenforceable.

Note: Sections 101.651 (1) and (2m), Stats., read as follows.

101.651 Special requirements for smaller municipalities. (1) DEFINITION. In this section, “municipality" means a city, village or town with a population of 2,500 or less.

(2m) ENFORCEMENT OPTIONS. A municipality shall exercise jurisdiction over the construction and inspection of new one– and 2–family dwellings by enacting ordinances under s. 101.65 (1) (a) or shall exercise the jurisdiction granted under s. 101.65 (1) (a) jointly under s. 101.65 (1) (b), unless any of the following conditions are met:

(a) The municipality adopts a resolution requesting under sub. (3) (a) that a county enforce this subchapter or an ordinance enacted under s. 101.65 (1) (a) throughout the municipality and that a county provide inspection services in the municipality to administer and enforce this subchapter or an ordinance enacted under s. 101.65 (1) (a).

(c) Under sub. (3) (b), the department enforces this subchapter throughout the municipality and provides inspection services in the municipality to administer and enforce this subchapter.

2. Municipalities intending to exercise jurisdiction shall, by ordinance, adopt this code in its entirety.

3. No additional requirements within the scope of this code may be adopted by a municipality unless approved by the department in accordance with s. SPS 320.20.

(b) *Intent to exercise jurisdiction.* Municipalities intending to exercise jurisdiction shall notify the department, in writing, at least 30 days prior to the date upon which the municipality intends to exercise jurisdiction under this code. The notification of intent shall include a statement by the municipality as to which of the following methods will be used for enforcement:

1. Individual municipal enforcement;

2. Joint municipal enforcement;

3. Contract with certified UDC inspector or inspectors or independent inspection agency;

4. Contract with another municipality;

(c) *Submission of ordinances and resolutions.*

1. `Ordinances.'

a. Municipalities intending to exercise jurisdiction shall submit all ordinances adopting this code to the department at the same time as the notice of intent.

b. The department shall review and make a determination regarding municipal intent to exercise jurisdiction over new dwellings within 15 business days of receipt of municipal ordinances adopting this code.

c. A municipality may appeal a determination by the department in accordance with the procedure under s. SPS 320.21 (2).

2. `Resolutions.' Municipalities adopting a resolution under s. 101.651 (2m) (a), Stats., for enforcement by the county, shall file a certified copy of the resolution with the department within 30 days of adoption.

3. `Recision of ordinances or resolutions.' Municipalities that rescind an ordinance or a resolution under subd. 1. or 2. shall file a certified copy of the recision with the department within 30 days of adoption.

(d) *Passage of ordinances.* A certified copy of all adopted ordinances and subsequent amendments thereto shall be filed with the department within 30 days after adoption.

Note: A copy of a model ordinance for adoption is available from the department.

35. Except as provided in ss. 101.65 (1c) and 101.651 (1) and (2m), Stats., _____ shall exercise jurisdiction over the construction and inspection of new dwellings.
    a. cities
    b. villages
    c. towns
    d. all of the above
36. Municipalities intending to exercise jurisdiction shall, by_____, adopt this code in its entirety.
    a. regulation
    b. ordinance
    c. law
    d. all of the above
37. More additional requirements within the scope of this code may be adopted by a municipality and without any approval by the department in accordance with s. SPS 320.20.
    a. true
    b. false
38. Municipalities intending to exercise jurisdiction shall notify the department, in writing, at least_____ days prior to the date upon which the municipality intends to exercise jurisdiction under this code.
    a. 15
    b. 30
    c. 45
    d. 60
39. The notification of intent shall include a statement by the municipality as to which of the following methods will be used for enforcement:
    a. Individual municipal enforcement
    b. Joint municipal enforcement
    c. both a or b
    d. none of the above
40. The notification of intent shall include a statement by the municipality as to which of the following methods will be used for enforcement:
    a. Contract with certified UDC inspector or inspectors
    b. independent inspection agency
    c. Contract with another municipality
    d. all of the above
41. A certified copy of all adopted ordinances and subsequent amendments thereto shall be filed with the department within _____ days after adoption.
    a. 15
    b. 30
    c. 45
    d. 60

(2) COUNTY JURISDICTION. A county ordinance shall apply in any city, village or town which has not enacted ordinances pursuant to this section. No county ordinance may apply until after 30 business days after the effective date of this code unless a municipality within the county informs the department of its intent to have this code administered and enforced by the county. This section shall not be construed to prevent or prohibit any municipality from enacting and administering this code at any time after the effective date of this code. The department shall review and make a determination regarding county jurisdiction over new buildings within 15 business days of receipt of the county ordinances adopting the uniform dwelling code.

(3) DEPARTMENTAL JURISDICTION. In municipalities not adopting a resolution under s. 101.651 (2m), Stats., and not adopting an ordinance to enforce the code under s. SPS 320.06, the department will oversee enforcement and inspection services for new dwellings, including manufactured buildings used as dwellings.

(4) CONTINUING JURISDICTION FOR PERMIT ISSUERS. Any dwelling, for which a permit is issued by a municipality or registered UDC inspection agency prior to a municipal action under sub. (1) (c) 2. or 3. shall have all required inspections completed by the municipality or agency that issued the permit.

SPS 320.065 State jurisdiction.

(1) In accordance with s. 101.64 (1) (h), Stats., municipalities administering the code may be monitored by the department for compliance with the administrative requirements under this code.

(2) In accordance with s. 101.653 (5), Stats., municipalities administering the code may be audited by the department for compliance with the erosion control requirements under this code.

42. In municipalities not adopting a resolution under s. 101.651 (2m), Stats., and not adopting an ordinance to enforce the code under s. SPS 320.06, the department will oversee enforcement and inspection services for _____.

a. new dwellings
b. manufactured buildings used as dwellings
c. both a & b
d. none of the above

43. Continuing jurisdiction for permit issuers. Any dwelling, for which a permit is issued by a municipality or registered UDC inspection agency prior to a municipal action under sub. (1) (c) 2. or 3. shall have all required inspections completed by the _____that issued the permit.

a. municipality
b. agency
c. County
d. both a or b

Subchapter III — Definitions

SPS 320.07 Definitions. In chs. SPS 320 to 325:

(1) "Accessory building" means a detached building, not used as a dwelling unit but is incidental to that of the main building and which is located on the same lot. Accessory building does not mean farm building.

(2) "Addition" means new construction performed on a dwelling which increases the outside dimensions of the dwelling.

(3) "Allowable stress" means the specified maximum permissible stress of a material expressed in load per unit area.

(4) "Alteration" means an enhancement, upgrading or substantial change or modification other than an addition or repair to a dwelling or to electrical, plumbing, heating, ventilating, air conditioning and other systems within a dwelling.

(5) "Approved" means an approval by the department or its authorized representative. (Approval is not to be construed as an assumption of any legal responsibility for the design or construction of the dwelling or building component.)

(5m) "Attached," defining the relationship between another building and a dwelling, means at least one of the following conditions is present:

(a) There is a continuous, weatherproof roof between the two structures.
Note: The sides are not required to be enclosed with walls.

(b) There is a continuous, structural floor system between the two structures.

(c) There is a continuous foundation system between the two structures.

(6) "Attic" means a space under the roof and above the ceiling of the topmost part of a dwelling.

(7) A "balcony" is a landing or porch projecting from the wall of a building.

(7m) "Base flood elevation" means the depth or peak elevation of flooding, including wave height, which has a one percent or greater chance of occurring in any given year.

(8) "Basement" means that portion of a dwelling below the first floor or ground floor with its entire floor below grade.

(8m) "Best management practices" is defined in s. 101.653, Stats., and means practices, techniques or measures that the department determines to be effective means of preventing or reducing pollutants of surface water generated from construction sites.

(9) "Building component" means any subsystem, subassembly or other system designed for use in or as part of a structure, which may include structural, electrical, mechanical, plumbing and fire protection systems and other systems affecting health and safety.

(10) "Building system" means plans, specifications and documentation for a system of manufactured building or for a type or a system of building components, which may include structural, electrical, mechanical, plumbing and variations which are submitted as part of the building system.

(10m) "Business day" means any day other than Saturday, Sunday or a legal holiday.

(10r) "Camping unit" means a framed structure or a tent, teepee, yurt, or other structure with fabric roof or walls that is 400 square feet or less in area, which is placed by a campground owner or operator in a campground for which a permit is issued under s. 97.67, Stats., and used for seasonal overnight camping.

(10t) "Carport" means a structure used for storing motorized vehicles that is attached to a dwelling and that has at least 2 sides completely unenclosed.

(11) "Ceiling height" means the clear vertical distance from the finished floor to the finished ceiling.

(12) "Certified inspector" means a person certified by the department to engage in the administration and enforcement of this code.

(12m) "Ch. SPS 325 Appendix" means chs. SPS 320 to 325 Appendix.

(13) A "chimney" is one or more vertical, or nearly so, passageways or flues for the purpose of conveying flue gases to the atmosphere.

(14) "Chimney connector". Same as smoke pipe.

(15) "Closed construction" means any building, building component, assembly or system manufactured in such a manner that it cannot be inspected before installation at the building site without disassembly, damage or destruction.

(15g) "Coarse aggregate" means granular material, such as gravel or crushed stone, that is predominately retained on a sieve with square openings of 4.75 mm or 0.18 inch.

(15m) "Coastal floodplain" means an area along the coast of Lake Michigan or Lake Superior below base flood elevation that is subject to wave runup or wave heights of 3 feet or more.

(16) "Code" means chs. SPS 320 to 325, the Wisconsin uniform dwelling code.

(17) "Combustion air" means the total amount of air necessary for the complete combustion of a fuel.

44. "Attached," defining the relationship between another building and a dwelling, means at least one of the following conditions is present:
    a. There is a continuous, weatherproof roof between the two structures.
    b. There is a continuous, structural floor system between the two structures.
    c. There is a continuous foundation system between the two structures.
    d. all of the above

45. _____ means an enhancement, upgrading or substantial change or modification other than an addition or repair to a dwelling or to electrical, plumbing, heating, ventilating, air conditioning and other systems within a dwelling.
    a. Accessory building
    b. Addition
    c. Allowable stress
    d. Alteration

46._____ means the specified maximum permissible stress of a material expressed in load per unit area.
    a. Accessory building
    b. Addition
    c. Allowable stress
    d. Alteration

47. _____ means new construction performed on a dwelling which increases the outside dimensions of the dwelling.
    a. Accessory building
    b. Addition
    c. Allowable stress
    d. Alteration

48. _____ means a detached building, not used as a dwelling unit but is incidental to that of the main building and which is located on the same lot. Accessory building does not mean farm building.
    a. Accessory building
    b. Addition

c. Allowable stress
d. Alteration

49. _____ means the depth or peak elevation of flooding, including wave height, which has a one percent or greater chance of occurring in any given year.
a. Approved
b. Attic
c. balcony
d. Base flood elevation

50. A _____ is a landing or porch projecting from the wall of a building.
a. Approved
b. Attic
c. balcony
d. Base flood elevation

51. _____ means a space under the roof and above the ceiling of the topmost part of a dwelling.
a. Approved
b. Attic
c. balcony
d. Base flood elevation

52. _____ means an approval by the department or its authorized representative
a. Approved
b. Attic
c. balcony
d. Base flood elevation

53. _____ means plans, specifications and documentation for a system of manufactured building or for a type or a system of building components, which may include structural, electrical, mechanical, plumbing and variations which are submitted as part of the building system.
a. Basement
b. Best management practices
c. Building component
d. Building system

54. _____ means any subsystem, subassembly or other system designed for use in or as part of a structure, which may include structural, electrical, mechanical, plumbing and fire protection systems and other systems affecting health and safety.
a. Basement
b. Best management practices
c. Building component
d. Building system

55. _____ is defined in s. 101.653, Stats., and means practices, techniques or measures that the department determines to be effective means of preventing or reducing pollutants of surface water generated from construction sites.
a. Basement
b. Best management practices
c. Building component
d. Building system

56. _____ means that portion of a dwelling below the first floor or ground floor with its entire floor below grade.
a. Basement
b. Best management practices
c. Building component
d. Building system

57. _____ means the clear vertical distance from the finished floor to the finished ceiling.
a. Ceiling height
b. Carport
c. Camping unit

d. Business day

58. _____means a structure used for storing motorized vehicles that is attached to a dwelling and that has at least 2 sides completely unenclosed.
a. Ceiling height
b. Carport
c. Camping unit
d. Business day

59. _____means a framed structure or a tent, teepee, yurt, or other structure with fabric roof or walls that is 400 square feet or less in area, which is placed by a campground owner or operator in a campground for which a permit is issued under s. 97.67, Stats., and used for seasonal overnight camping.
a. Ceiling height
b. Carport
c. Camping unit
d. Business day

60. _____ means any day other than Saturday, Sunday or a legal holiday.
a. Ceiling height
b. Carport
c. Camping unit
d. Business day

61. _____ means any building, building component, assembly or system manufactured in such a manner that it cannot be inspected before installation at the building site without disassembly, damage or destruction.
a. Closed construction
b. Chimney connector
c. Certified inspector
d. chimney

62. _____ Same as smoke pipe.
a. Closed construction
b. Chimney connector
c. Certified inspector
d. chimney

63. _____ means a person certified by the department to engage in the administration and enforcement of this code.
a. Closed construction
b. Chimney connector
c. Certified inspector
d. chimney

64. A _____ is one or more vertical, or nearly so, passageways or flues for the purpose of conveying flue gases to the atmosphere.
a. Closed construction
b. Chimney connector
c. Certified inspector
d. chimney

65. _____ means the total amount of air necessary for the complete combustion of a fuel.
a. Combustion air
b. Code
c. Coastal floodplain
d. Coarse aggregate

66. _____ means chs. SPS 320 to 325, the Wisconsin uniform dwelling code.
a. Combustion air
b. Code
c. Coastal floodplain
d. Coarse aggregate

67. _____ means an area along the coast of Lake Michigan or Lake Superior below base flood elevation that is subject to wave runup or wave heights of 3 feet or more.

a. Combustion air
b. Code
c. Coastal floodplain
d. Coarse aggregate

68. _____ means granular material, such as gravel or crushed stone, that is predominately retained on a sieve with square openings of 4.75 mm or 0.18 inch.

a. Combustion air
b. Code
c. Coastal floodplain
d. Coarse aggregate

(18) "Common use area" means kitchens, hallways, basements, garages and all habitable rooms.
Note: These areas must meet the circulation requirements under s. SPS 321.035.

(19) "Compliance assurance program" means the detailed system documentation and methods of assuring that manufactured dwellings and dwelling components are manufactured, stored, transported, assembled, handled and installed in accordance with this code.

(19m) "Composting toilet system" means a method that collects, stores and converts by bacterial digestion nonliquid-carried human wastes or organic kitchen wastes, or both, into humus.

(19r) "Control practice" means a method or device implemented to prevent or reduce erosion or the resulting deposition of soil or sediment.

(20) "Cooling load" is the rate at which heat must be removed from the space to maintain a selected indoor air temperature during periods of design outdoor weather conditions.

(21) "Dead load" means the vertical load due to all permanent structural and nonstructural components of the building such as joists, rafters, sheathing, finishes and construction assemblies such as walls, partitions, floors, ceilings and roofs, and systems.

(21m) "Deck" means an unenclosed exterior structure, attached or adjacent to the exterior wall of a building, which has a floor, but no roof.

(23) "Department" means the department of safety and professional services.

(24) "Detached building" means any building which is not physically connected to the dwelling.

(24m) "Dilution air" means air that is provided for the purpose of mixing with flue gases in a draft hood or draft regulator.

(24r) "Direct-vent appliance" means a gas-burning appliance that is constructed and installed so that all air for combustion is derived directly from the outside atmosphere and all flue gases are discharged to the outside atmosphere.

(25) "Dwelling" has the meaning given in s. 101.61 (1), Stats.
Note: Section 101.61 (1), Stats., reads as follows: "Dwelling" means any building that contains one or 2 dwelling units. "Dwelling unit" means a structure or that part of a structure which is used or intended to be used as a home, residence or sleeping place by one person or by 2 or more persons maintaining a common household, to the exclusion of all others. "Dwelling" and "dwelling unit" do not include a primitive rural hunting cabin.

(26) "Dwelling contractor" means any person, firm or corporation engaged in the business of performing erosion control or construction work such as framing, roofing, siding, insulating, masonry or window replacement work covered under this code and who takes out a building permit. "Dwelling contractor" does not include the owner of an existing dwelling, an owner who will reside in a new dwelling or a person, firm or corporation engaging exclusively in electrical, plumbing, or heating, ventilating and air conditioning work.

(27) "Dwelling unit" has the meaning given in s. 101.61 (1), Stats.
Note: Section 101.61 (1), Stats., reads as follows: "Dwelling" means any building that contains one or two dwelling units. "Dwelling unit" means a structure or that part of a structure which is used or intended to be used as a home, residence or sleeping place by one person or by 2 or more persons maintaining a common household, to the exclusion of all others. "Dwelling" and "dwelling unit" do not include a primitive rural hunting cabin.

(28t) "Erosion" means the detachment and movement of soil, sediment or rock fragments by water, wind, ice or gravity.

(29) "Exit" means a direct, continuous, unobstructed means of egress from inside the dwelling to the exterior of the dwelling.

(30) "Farm operation" is the planting and cultivating of the soil and growing of farm products substantially all of which have been planted or produced on the farm premises.

Note: According to s. 102.04 (3), Stats., the farm operation includes the management, conserving, improving and maintaining of the premises, tools, equipment improvements and the exchange of labor or services with other farmers; the processing, drying, packing, packaging, freezing, grading, storing, delivery to storage, carrying to market or to a carrier for transportation to market and distributing directly to the consumer; the clearing of such premises and the salvaging of timber and the management and use of wood lots thereon but does not include logging, lumbering and wood-cutting operations unless the operations are conducted as an accessory to other farm operations.

(31) "Farm premises" is defined to be the area which is planted and cultivated. The farm premises does not include greenhouses, structures or other areas unless used principally for the production of food or farm products.

(32) "Farm products" are defined as agricultural, horticultural and arboricultural crops. Animals considered within the definition of agricultural include livestock, bees, poultry, fur-bearing animals, and wildlife or aquatic life.

(33) "Farming" means the operation of a farm premises owned or rented by the operator.

(33m) "Fireblocking" means a material or device used to retard or prevent the spread of flame or hot gases through concealed spaces into adjacent rooms or areas.

(34) "Firebox" means that part of the fireplace used as the combustion chamber.

(34e) "First floor" means the first floor level above any groundfloor or basement or, in the absence of a groundfloor or basement, means the lowest floor level in the dwelling.

(34f) "Flight" means a continuous series of risers and treads, with no intermediate landings.

69. _____ means a method or device implemented to prevent or reduce erosion or the resulting deposition of soil or sediment.
    a. Common use area
    b. Composting toilet system
    c. Compliance assurance program
    d. Control practice

70. _____means a method that collects, stores and converts by bacterial digestion nonliquid-carried human wastes or organic kitchen wastes, or both, into humus.
    a. Common use area
    b. Composting toilet system
    c. Compliance assurance program
    d. Control practice

71. _____ means the detailed system documentation and methods of assuring that manufactured dwellings and dwelling components are manufactured, stored, transported, assembled, handled and installed in accordance with this code.
    a. Common use area
    b. Composting toilet system
    c. Compliance assurance program
    d. Control practice

72. _____ means kitchens, hallways, basements, garages and all habitable rooms.
    a. Common use area
    b. Composting toilet system
    c. Compliance assurance program
    d. Control practice

73. _____means the department of safety and professional services.
    a. Department
    b. Deck
    c. Dead load
    d. Cooling load

74. means an unenclosed exterior structure, attached or adjacent to the exterior wall of a building, _____which has a floor, but no roof.
    a. Department
    b. Deck
    c. Dead load
    d. Cooling load

75. _____means the vertical load due to all permanent structural and nonstructural components of the building such as joists, rafters, sheathing, finishes and construction assemblies such as walls, partitions, floors, ceilings and roofs, and systems.

a. Department
b. Deck
c. Dead load
d. Cooling load

76. _____is the rate at which heat must be removed from the space to maintain a selected indoor air temperature during periods of design outdoor weather conditions.
a. Department
b. Deck
c. Dead load
d. Cooling load

77. _____means any building that contains one or two dwelling units.
a. Dwelling
b. Direct-vent appliance
c. Dilution air
d. Detached building

78. _____means a gas-burning appliance that is constructed and installed so that all air for combustion is derived directly from the outside atmosphere and all flue gases are discharged to the outside atmosphere.
a. Dwelling
b. Direct-vent appliance
c. Dilution air
d. Detached building

79. _____ means air that is provided for the purpose of mixing with flue gases in a draft hood or draft regulator.
a. Dwelling
b. Direct-vent appliance
c. Dilution air
d. Detached building

80. _____ means any building which is not physically connected to the dwelling.
a. Dwelling
b. Direct-vent appliance
c. Dilution air
d. Detached building

81. _____ means a direct, continuous, unobstructed means of egress from inside the dwelling to the exterior of the dwelling.
a. Exit
b. Erosion
c. Dwelling unit
d. Dwelling contractor

82. _____ means the detachment and movement of soil, sediment or rock fragments by water, wind, ice or gravity.
a. Exit
b. Erosion
c. Dwelling unit
d. Dwelling contractor

83. _____ means a structure or that part of a structure which is used or intended to be used as a home, residence or sleeping place by one person or by 2 or more persons maintaining a common household, to the exclusion of all others.
a. Exit
b. Erosion
c. Dwelling unit
d. Dwelling contractor

84. _____ means any person, firm or corporation engaged in the business of performing erosion control or construction work such as framing, roofing, siding, insulating, masonry or window replacement work covered under this code and who takes out a building permit.
    a. Exit
    b. Erosion
    c. Dwelling unit
    d. Dwelling contractor
85. _____ means the operation of a farm premises owned or rented by the operator.
    a. Farming
    b. Farm products
    c. Farm premises
    d. Farm operation
86. _____ are defined as agricultural, horticultural and arboricultural crops. Animals considered within the definition of agricultural include livestock, bees, poultry, fur-bearing animals, and wildlife or aquatic life.
    a. Farming
    b. Farm products
    c. Farm premises
    d. Farm operation
87. _____ is defined to be the area which is planted and cultivated. The farm premises does not include greenhouses, structures or other areas unless used principally for the production of food or farm products.
    a. Farming
    b. Farm products
    c. Farm premises
    d. Farm operation
88. _____ is the planting and cultivating of the soil and growing of farm products substantially all of which have been planted or produced on the farm premises.
    a. Farming
    b. Farm products
    c. Farm premises
    d. Farm operation

(34g) "Floodfringe area" means that portion of the floodplain outside of the floodway that is at or below base flood elevation. The term "floodfringe" is intended to designate an area of standing, rather than flowing, water.

(34h) "Floodplain" means land which is subject to flooding which is at or below base flood elevation. The floodplain includes the floodway and floodfringe areas.

(34i) "Floodway" means the channel of a river or stream and those portions of the floodplain adjoining the channel required to carry the flood discharge. The term "floodway" is intended to designate an area of flowing, rather than standing, water.

(34s) "Foundation" means the structural system used to transfer the weight of the building to the earth.

Note: The foundation may include one or more components such as footings, piers, columns, slabs and walls.

(35) "Garage" means a structure used for storing motorized vehicles that has any more than 2 sides completely enclosed.

(36) "Gas appliance" means any device that uses gas as a fuel or raw material to produce light, heat, power, refrigeration or air conditioning.

(36m) "Groundfloor" means that level of a dwelling, below the first floor, located on a site with a sloping or multilevel grade and which has a portion of its floor line at grade.

(36r) "Guard" means a barrier erected to prevent a person from falling to a lower level.

(37) "Habitable room" means any room used for sleeping, living or dining purposes, excluding such enclosed places as kitchens, closets, pantries, bath or toilet rooms, hallways, laundries, storage spaces, utility rooms, and similar spaces.

(37m) "Handrail" means a horizontal or sloping rail intended for grasping by a hand, for guidance or support or preventing a fall down a stair.

(38) "Hearth" means the floor area within the fire chamber of a fireplace.

(38m) "Hearth extension" means the surfacing applied to the floor area extending in front of and at the sides of the fireplace opening.

(40) "Heating load" is the estimated heat loss of each room or space to be heated, based on maintaining a selected indoor air temperature during periods of design outdoor weather conditions. The total heat load includes: the transmission losses of heat transmitted through the wall, floor, ceiling, glass or other surfaces; and either the infiltration losses or heat required to warm outdoor air used for ventilation.

Note: Infiltration losses include heat required to warm outside air which leaks through cracks and crevices, around doors and windows or through open doors and windows.

(40m) "Hollow unit" means a masonry unit which has a net cross-sectional area parallel to the bearing face which is less than 75% of the gross cross-sectional area.

(40t) "Incinerating toilet" means a self-contained device for the treatment of nonliquid carried wastes that deposits the wastes directly into a combustion chamber, reduces the solid portion to ash and evaporates the liquid portion.

(41) "Independent inspection agency" means any person, firm, association, partnership or corporation certified by the department to perform certified inspections under this code.

(42) "Initial construction" means the date of issuance of the Wisconsin uniform building permit.

(43) "Insignia." See "Wisconsin insignia."

(44) "Installation" means the assembly of a manufactured building on site and the process of affixing a manufactured building to land, a foundation, footing or an existing building.

(46) "Kitchen" means an area used, or designed to be used, for the preparation of food.

(46m) "Land disturbing construction activity" means any man-made alteration of the land surface resulting in a change in the topography or existing vegetative or non-vegetative soil cover, that may result in storm water runoff and lead to an increase in soil erosion and movement of sediment. Land disturbing construction activity includes clearing and grubbing, demolition, excavating, pit or trench dewatering, filling and grading activities.

(47) "Landing" means the level portion of a stairs located between flights of stairs or located at the top and base of a stairs.

89. _____ means that portion of the floodplain outside of the floodway that is at or below base flood elevation. The term "floodfringe" is intended to designate an area of standing, rather than flowing, water.
    a. Floodfringe area
    b. Floodplain
    c. Floodway
    d. Foundation

90. _____ means land which is subject to flooding which is at or below base flood elevation. The floodplain includes the floodway and floodfringe areas.
    a. Floodfringe area
    b. Floodplain
    c. Floodway
    d. Foundation

91. _____means the channel of a river or stream and those portions of the floodplain adjoining the channel required to carry the flood discharge. The term "floodway" is intended to designate an area of flowing, rather than standing, water.
    a. Floodfringe area
    b. Floodplain
    c. Floodway
    d. Foundation

92. _____ means the structural system used to transfer the weight of the building to the earth.
    a. Floodfringe area
    b. Floodplain
    c. Floodway
    d. Foundation

93. _____ means a structure used for storing motorized vehicles that has any more than 2 sides completely enclosed.
    a. Garage
    b. Gas appliance

c. Groundfloor
d. Guard

94. _____ means any device that uses gas as a fuel or raw material to produce light, heat, power, refrigeration or air conditioning.
a. Garage
b. Gas appliance
c. Groundfloor
d. Guard

95. _____ means that level of a dwelling, below the first floor, located on a site with a sloping or multilevel grade and which has a portion of its floor line at grade.
a. Garage
b. Gas appliance
c. Groundfloor
d. Guard

96. _____ means a barrier erected to prevent a person from falling to a lower level.
a. Garage
b. Gas appliance
c. Groundfloor
d. Guard

97. _____means any room used for sleeping, living or dining purposes, excluding such enclosed places as kitchens, closets, pantries, bath or toilet rooms, hallways, laundries, storage spaces, utility rooms, and similar spaces.
a. Habitable room
b. Hearth
c. Hearth extension
d. Heating load

98. _____ means the floor area within the fire chamber of a fireplace.
a. Habitable room
b. Hearth
c. Hearth extension
d. Heating load

99. _____ means the surfacing applied to the floor area extending in front of and at the sides of the fireplace opening.
a. Habitable room
b. Hearth
c. Hearth extension
d. Heating load

100. _____ is the estimated heat loss of each room or space to be heated, based on maintaining a selected indoor air temperature during periods of design outdoor weather conditions.
a. Habitable room
b. Hearth
c. Hearth extension
d. Heating load

101. _____means a masonry unit which has a net cross-sectional area parallel to the bearing face which is less than 75% of the gross cross-sectional area.
a. Hollow unit
b. Incinerating toilet
c. Independent inspection agency
d. Initial construction

102. _____means a self-contained device for the treatment of nonliquid carried wastes that deposits the wastes directly into a combustion chamber, reduces the solid portion to ash and evaporates the liquid portion.
a. Hollow unit
b. Incinerating toilet

c. Independent inspection agency
d. Initial construction

103. _____ means any person, firm, association, partnership or corporation certified by the department to perform certified inspections under this code.
a. Hollow unit
b. Incinerating toilet
c. independent inspection agency
d. Initial construction

104. _____ means the date of issuance of the Wisconsin uniform building permit.
a. Hollow unit
b. Incinerating toilet
c. Independent inspection agency
d. Initial construction

105. _____ means the level portion of a stairs located between flights of stairs or located at the top and base of a stairs.
a. Landing
b. Installation
c. Kitchen
d. Land disturbing construction activity

106. _____ means the assembly of a manufactured building on site and the process of affixing a manufactured building to land, a foundation, footing or an existing building.
a. Landing
b. Installation
c. Kitchen
d. Land disturbing construction activity

107. _____ means an area used, or designed to be used, for the preparation of food.
a. Landing
b. Installation
c. Kitchen
d. Land disturbing construction activity

108. _____ means any man-made alteration of the land surface resulting in a change in the topography or existing vegetative or non-vegetative soil cover, that may result in storm water runoff and lead to an increase in soil erosion and movement of sediment.
a. Landing
b. Installation
c. Kitchen
d. Land disturbing construction activity

(48) "Listed and listing" means equipment or building components which are tested by an independent testing agency and accepted by the department.

(49) "Live load" means the weight superimposed on the floors, roof and structural and nonstructural components of the dwelling through use and by snow, ice or rain.

(50) "Loft" means an upper room or floor which has at least 50% of the common wall open to the floor below. The opening may be infringed upon by an open guard constructed in compliance with s. SPS 321.04 (2), but not by a window or half-wall guard. All habitable rooms of lofts are open to the floor below.

(51) "Manufacture" means the process of making, fabricating, constructing, forming or assembling a product from raw, unfinished, semifinished or finished materials.

(52m) "Manufactured home" has the meaning as given in s. 101.91 (2), Stats.

Note: Section 101.91 (2), Stats., reads as follows:

(2) "Manufactured home" means any of the following:

(am) A structure that is designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation and that is certified by the federal department of housing and urban development as complying with the standards established under 42 USC 5401 to 5425.

(c) A mobile home, unless a mobile home is specifically excluded under the applicable statute.

Note: "Mobile home" is defined in section 101.91 (10), Stats., as follows: "`Mobile home' means a vehicle manufactured or assembled before June 15, 1976, designed to be towed as a single unit or in sections upon a highway by a motor vehicle and equipped and used, or intended to

be used, primarily for human habitation, with walls of rigid uncollapsible construction, which has an overall length in excess of 45 feet. `Mobile home' includes the mobile home structure, its plumbing, heating, air conditioning and electrical systems, and all appliances and all other equipment carrying a manufacturer's warranty."

(53) "Mechanical draft venting system" means a venting system for a gas burning appliance that is designed to remove flue or vent gases by mechanical means, such as a fan, which may consist of an induced draft portion under non-positive static pressure or a forced draft portion under positive static pressure.

(53f) "Modular home" has the meaning given in s. 101.71 (6), Stats.

Note: Section 101.71 (6) (a), Stats., reads as follows:

(a) "Modular home" means any structure or component thereof which is intended for use as a dwelling and:

1. Is of closed construction and fabricated or assembled on-site or off-site in manufacturing facilities for installation, connection, or assembly and installation, at the building site; or
2. Is a building of open construction which is made or assembled in manufacturing facilities away from the building site for installation, connection, or assembly and installation, on the building site and for which certification is sought by the manufacturer.

(b) "Modular home" does not mean any manufactured home under s. 101.91 or any building of open construction which is not subject to par. (a) 2.

Note: See s. SPS 320.07 (52m) for the definition of manufactured home.

(53m) "Multiple station smoke alarm" means an assembly that incorporates the smoke detector, the control equipment and the alarm-sounding device in one unit that is capable of being interconnected with one or more additional alarms so that the actuation of one alarm causes the operation of all interconnected alarms.

(54) A "multi-wythe wall" is a masonry wall composed of 2 or more wythes of masonry units tied or bonded together.

(55) "Municipality" means any city, village, town or county in this state.

(55m) "Naturally vented appliance" means an appliance with a venting system designed to remove flue or vent gases under non-positive static vent pressure entirely by natural draft.

(56) "Open construction" means any building, building component, assembly or system manufactured in such a manner that it can be readily inspected at the building site without disassembly, damage or destruction.

(57) "Owner" means any person having a legal or equitable interest in the dwelling.

(58) "Perm" means a unit of permeance which is measured in grains per (hour) (square foot) (inch of mercury vapor pressure difference).

Note: The lower the perm rating of a material is, the more difficult it is for water vapor to pass through it.

(59) "Pilaster" is a projection of masonry or a filled cell area of masonry for the purpose of bearing concentrated loads or to stiffen the wall against lateral forces.

(59m) "Porch" means an unenclosed exterior structure at or near grade attached or adjacent to the exterior wall of any building, and having a roof and floor.

(59p) "Primitive rural hunting cabin" has the meaning given in s. 101.61 (3), Stats.

Note: Section 101.61 (3), Stats., reads as follows:

(3) "Primitive rural hunting cabin" means a structure that satisfies all of the following:

(a) The structure is not used as a home or residence.

(b) The structure is used principally for recreational hunting activity.

(c) The structure does not exceed 2 stories in height.

(d) The structure satisfies any of the following:

1. The structure was constructed before December 31, 1997.
2. The structure results from alterations made to a structure described in subd.1.
3. The structure replaces a structure described in subd. 1.

(59t) "Privy" means an enclosed nonportable toilet into which non-water-carried human wastes are deposited to a subsurface storage chamber.

(60m) "Registered UDC inspection agency" means a person, business or entity that is registered with the department for the purpose of facilitating plan review, issuance of Wisconsin uniform building permits, and inspection of one- and 2-family dwellings in municipalities where the department has jurisdiction pursuant to s. 101.651 (3) (b), Stats.

109. _____ means equipment or building components which are tested by an independent testing agency and accepted by the department.

a. Listed and listing
b. Live load
c. Loft
d. Manufacture

110. _____ means the weight superimposed on the floors, roof and structural and nonstructural components of the dwelling through use and by snow, ice or rain.

a. Listed and listing
b. Live load

c. Loft
d. Manufacture

111. _____ means an upper room or floor which has at least 50% of the common wall open to the floor below. The opening may be infringed upon by an open guard constructed in compliance with s. SPS 321.04 (2), but not by a window or half-wall guard. All habitable rooms of lofts are open to the floor below.
a. Listed and listing
b. Live load
c. Loft
d. Manufacture

112. _____ means the process of making, fabricating, constructing, forming or assembling a product from raw, unfinished, semifinished or finished materials.
a. Listed and listing
b. Live load
c. Loft
d. Manufacture

113. _____ means any city, village, town or county in this state.
a. Municipality
b. Mechanical draft venting system
c. Multiple station smoke alarm
d. multi-wythe wall

114. _____ means a venting system for a gas burning appliance that is designed to remove flue or vent gases by mechanical means, such as a fan, which may consist of an induced draft portion under non-positive static pressure or a forced draft portion under positive static pressure.
a. Municipality
b. Mechanical draft venting system
c. Multiple station smoke alarm
d. multi-wythe wall

115. _____ means an assembly that incorporates the smoke detector, the control equipment and the alarm-sounding device in one unit that is capable of being interconnected with one or more additional alarms so that the actuation of one alarm causes the operation of all interconnected alarms.
a. Municipality
b. Mechanical draft venting system
c. Multiple station smoke alarm
d. multi-wythe wall

116. A _____ is a masonry wall composed of 2 or more wythes of masonry units tied or bonded together.
a. Municipality
b. Mechanical draft venting system
c. Multiple station smoke alarm
d. multi-wythe wall

117. _____ means a unit of permeance which is measured in grains per (hour) (square foot) (inch of mercury vapor pressure difference).
a. Perm
b. Owner
c. Open construction
d. Naturally vented appliance

118. _____ means any person having a legal or equitable interest in the dwelling.
a. Perm
b. Owner
c. Open construction
d. Naturally vented appliance

119. _____ means any building, building component, assembly or system manufactured in such a manner that it can be readily inspected at the building site without disassembly, damage or destruction.
a. Perm

b. Owner
c. Open construction
d. Naturally vented appliance

120. _____ means an appliance with a venting system designed to remove flue or vent gases under non-positive static vent pressure entirely by natural draft.
a. Perm
b. Owner
c. Open construction
d. Naturally vented appliance

121. _____ is a projection of masonry or a filled cell area of masonry for the purpose of bearing concentrated loads or to stiffen the wall against lateral forces.
a. Pilaster
b. Porch
c. Privy
d. Registered UDC inspection agency

122. _____ means an unenclosed exterior structure at or near grade attached or adjacent to the exterior wall of any building, and having a roof and floor.
a. Pilaster
b. Porch
c. Privy
d. Registered UDC inspection agency

123. _____ means an enclosed nonportable toilet into which non-water-carried human wastes are deposited to a subsurface storage chamber.
a. Pilaster
b. Porch
c. Privy
d. Registered UDC inspection agency

124. _____ means a person, business or entity that is registered with the department for the purpose of facilitating plan review, issuance of Wisconsin uniform building permits, and inspection of one- and 2-family dwellings in municipalities where the department has jurisdiction pursuant to s. 101.651 (3) (b), Stats.
a. Pilaster
b. Porch
c. Privy
d. Registered UDC inspection agency

(61) "Repair" means the act or process of restoring to original soundness, including redecorating, refinishing, nonstructural repairs or maintenance, or the replacement of existing fixtures, systems or equipment with the equivalent fixture, system or equipment.

(62) "Shingle" means a unit of roof-covering material that has been manufactured to specific dimensions and is applied in overlapping fashion. "Shingle" includes all of the following:

(a) "Fiberglass asphalt shingle" means a type of shingle with an internal mat composed of nonwoven, resin-bonded glass fibers, that is impregnated and coated with asphalt.

(b) "Laminated shingle" means a shingle with a second layer of asphalt and mat laminated to the first layer, usually in a design pattern to simulate the dimensional appearance of natural slate or wood shakes.

(c) "Organic asphalt shingle" means a shingle with an internal mat composed of organic fibers, such as cellulose, that is saturated and coated with asphalt.

(d) "Strip shingle" means a rectangular shingle that relies either on a sealant or on a combination of weight and stiffness to resist wind uplift, rather than using interlocking tabs.

(63) A "single-wythe wall" is a masonry wall consisting of one unit of thickness.

(64) A "smoke chamber" is that part of a fireplace which acts as a funnel to compress the smoke and gases from the fire so that they will enter the chimney above.

(65) A "smoke pipe" is a connector between the solid or liquid fuel-burning appliance and the chimney.

(65m) "Solid unit" means a masonry unit which has a net cross-sectional area parallel to the bearing face which is 75% or more of the gross cross-sectional area.

(65r) "Stabilized" means the condition where vegetation is established or other practices are in place on exposed soil surfaces so as to reduce erosion.

(66) "Stair," "stairs," or "stairway" means one or more risers and the necessary treads, which form a continuous passage from one elevation to another. Multiple stairways can be connected by platforms and landings.

(68) A "story" is that portion of a building located above the basement, between the floor and the ceiling.

(69) A "stove" is a nonportable solid-fuel-burning, vented, non-ducted heat-producing appliance located in the space that it is intended to heat. This definition does not include cooking appliances.

(70) "Stovepipe." Same as smoke pipe.

(71) "Strain" means a change in the physical shape of a material caused by stress.

(72) "Stress" means internal resistance to an external force expressed in load per unit area; stresses acting perpendicular (compression or tension) to the surface, shear stresses acting in the plane of the surface, or bending stresses which cause curving.

(73) "Structural analysis" is a branch of the physical sciences which uses the principles of mechanics in analyzing the impact of loads and forces and their effect on the physical properties of materials in the form of internal stress and strain.

(75) The "throat" of a fireplace is the slot-like opening above the firebox through which flames, smoke and other products of combustion pass into the smoke chamber.

(75m) "UDC" means chs. SPS 320 to 325, the Wisconsin uniform dwelling code.

(76) "Vent" means a vertical flue or passageway to vent fuel-burning appliances.

(77) A "vent connector" is a connector between a fuel-burning appliance and the chimney or vent.

(77f) "Water-resistive barrier" means a material, including flashing, behind an exterior wall covering that is intended to resist liquid water that has penetrated behind the permanent weather-resistant finish from further intruding into the exterior wall assembly.

(77m) "Waters of the state" includes those portions of Lake Michigan and Lake Superior within the boundaries of Wisconsin, and all lakes, bays, rivers, streams, springs, ponds, wells, impounding reservoirs, marshes, watercourses, drainage systems and other surface waters or groundwaters, natural or artificial, public or private, within the state or its jurisdiction.

(78) "Window" means a glazed opening in an exterior wall, including glazed portions of doors, within a conditioned space.

(78m) "Wisconsin Administrative Permit" means a permit issued by a municipality that does not conduct inspections or plan reviews under this code.

(79) "Wisconsin insignia" means a device or seal approved by the department to certify compliance with this code.

125. _____ means the act or process of restoring to original soundness, including redecorating, refinishing, nonstructural repairs or maintenance, or the replacement of existing fixtures, systems or equipment with the equivalent fixture, system or equipment.

a. Repair
b. Shingle
c. Single-wythe wall
d. smoke chamber

126. _____ means a unit of roof-covering material that has been manufactured to specific dimensions and is applied in overlapping fashion.

a. Repair
b. Shingle
c. Single-wythe wall
d. smoke chamber

127. _____is a masonry wall consisting of one unit of thickness.

a. Repair
b. Shingle
c. Single-wythe wall
d. smoke chamber

128. _____ is that part of a fireplace which acts as a funnel to compress the smoke and gases from the fire so that they will enter the chimney above.
a. Repair
b. Shingle
c. Single-wythe wall
d. smoke chamber
129. _____ means a type of shingle with an internal mat composed of nonwoven, resin-bonded glass fibers, that is impregnated and coated with asphalt.
a. Fiberglass asphalt shingle
b. Laminated shingle
c. Organic asphalt shingle
d. Strip shingle
130. _____ means a shingle with a second layer of asphalt and mat laminated to the first layer, usually in a design pattern to simulate the dimensional appearance of natural slate or wood shakes.
a. Fiberglass asphalt shingle
b. Laminated shingle
c. Organic asphalt shingle
d. Strip shingle
131. _____ means a shingle with an internal mat composed of organic fibers, such as cellulose, that is saturated and coated with asphalt.
a. Fiberglass asphalt shingle
b. Laminated shingle
c. Organic asphalt shingle
d. Strip shingle
132. _____ means a rectangular shingle that relies either on a sealant or on a combination of weight and stiffness to resist wind uplift, rather than using interlocking tabs.
a. Fiberglass asphalt shingle
b. Laminated shingle
c. Organic asphalt shingle
d. Strip shingle
133. _____ is a connector between the solid or liquid fuel-burning appliance and the chimney.
a. smoke pipe
b. Solid unit
c. Stabilized
d. Stair, stairs, or stairway
134. _____ means a masonry unit which has a net cross-sectional area parallel to the bearing face which is 75% or more of the gross cross-sectional area.
a. smoke pipe
b. Solid unit
c. Stabilized
d. Stair, stairs, or stairway
135. _____ means the condition where vegetation is established or other practices are in place on exposed soil surfaces so as to reduce erosion.
a. smoke pipe
b. Solid unit
c. Stabilized
d. Stair, stairs, or stairway
136. _____ means one or more risers and the necessary treads, which form a continuous passage from one elevation to another. Multiple stairways can be connected by platforms and landings.
a. smoke pipe
b. Solid unit
c. Stabilized
d. Stair, stairs, or stairway
137. A _____ is that portion of a building located above the basement, between the floor and the ceiling.

a. story
b. stove
c. Stovepipe
d. Strain

138. A _____ is a nonportable solid-fuel-burning, vented, non-ducted heat-producing appliance located in the space that it is intended to heat. This definition does not include cooking appliances.
a. story
b. stove
c. Stovepipe
d. Strain

139. _____ Same as smoke pipe.
a. story
b. stove
c. Stovepipe
d. Strain

140. _____ means a change in the physical shape of a material caused by stress.
a. story
b. stove
c. Stovepipe
d. Strain

141. _____ means internal resistance to an external force expressed in load per unit area; stresses acting perpendicular (compression or tension) to the surface, shear stresses acting in the plane of the surface, or bending stresses which cause curving.
a. Stress
b. Structural analysis
c. throat
d. UDC

142. _____ is a branch of the physical sciences which uses the principles of mechanics in analyzing the impact of loads and forces and their effect on the physical properties of materials in the form of internal stress and strain.
a. Stress
b. Structural analysis
c. throat
d. UDC

143. The _____ of a fireplace is the slot-like opening above the firebox through which flames, smoke and other products of combustion pass into the smoke chamber.
a. Stress
b. Structural analysis
c. throat
d. UDC

144. _____ means chs. SPS 320 to 325, the Wisconsin uniform dwelling code.
a. Stress
b. Structural analysis
c. throat
d. UDC

145. _____ means a material, including flashing, behind an exterior wall covering that is intended to resist liquid water that has penetrated behind the permanent weather-resistant finish from further intruding into the exterior wall assembly.
a. Water-resistive barrier
b. vent connector
c. Vent
d. Waters of the state

146. A _____ is a connector between a fuel-burning appliance and the chimney or vent.
a. Water-resistive barrier

b. vent connector
c. Vent
d. Waters of the state

147. _____ means a vertical flue or passageway to vent fuel-burning appliances.
a. Water-resistive barrier
b. vent connector
c. Vent
d. Waters of the state

148. _____ includes those portions of Lake Michigan and Lake Superior within the boundaries of Wisconsin, and all lakes, bays, rivers, streams, springs, ponds, wells, impounding reservoirs, marshes, watercourses, drainage systems and other surface waters or groundwaters, natural or artificial, public or private, within the state or its jurisdiction.
a. Water-resistive barrier
b. vent connector
c. Vent
d. Waters of the state

149. _____ means a glazed opening in an exterior wall, including glazed portions of doors, within a conditioned space.
a. Window
b. Wisconsin Administrative Permit
c. Wisconsin insignia
d. none of the above

150. _____ means a permit issued by a municipality that does not conduct inspections or plan reviews under this code.
a. Window
b. Wisconsin Administrative Permit
c. Wisconsin insignia
d. none of the above

151. _____ means a device or seal approved by the department to certify compliance with this code
a. Window
b. Wisconsin Administrative Permit
c. Wisconsin insignia
d. none of the above

Subchapter IV — Approval and Inspection of One- and 2-Family Dwellings

SPS 320.08 Wisconsin uniform building permit.

(1) WHERE REQUIRED. Except as provided under s. SPS 320.09 (9) (b), a Wisconsin uniform building permit shall be obtained from the municipality administering and enforcing this code or from a registered UDC inspection agency administering and enforcing this code in a municipality where the department has jurisdiction pursuant to s. 101.651 (3) (b), Stats., before any on–site construction, including excavation for a structure, may begin.

(2) INSPECTIONS. A person who obtains a Wisconsin uniform building permit from a registered UDC inspection agency shall retain the same agency to conduct the inspections for the project under s. SPS 320.10.

Note: Section SPS 320.09 (9) (b) permits the issuance of a footing and foundation permit prior to the issuance of the Wisconsin uniform building permit.

152. Wisconsin uniform building permit shall be obtained from the municipality administering and enforcing this code or from a registered UDC inspection agency administering and enforcing this code in a municipality where the department has jurisdiction pursuant to s. 101.651 (3) (b), Stats., before any on–site construction, _____ excavation for a structure, may begin.
a. excluding
b. allowing
c. including
d. none of the above

153. A person who obtains a Wisconsin uniform building permit from a registered UDC inspection agency shall retain _____ to conduct the inspections for the project under s. SPS 320.10.

a. a different agency
b. the same agency
c. municipality
d. the state

SPS 320.09 Procedure for obtaining uniform building permit.

(1) APPLICATION. Application for a Wisconsin uniform building permit shall be on forms obtained from the department, the municipality or the authorized UDC inspection agency administering and enforcing this code. No application shall be accepted that does not contain all the information requested on the form.

Note: See ch. SPS 325 Appendix A for a copy of the Wisconsin uniform building permit and application.

Note: Any municipality exercising jurisdiction may require reasonable supplementary information not contained on the Wisconsin building permit application.

(2) FILING OF PERMIT APPLICATIONS.

(a) *Construction or installation of a dwelling.*

1. A Wisconsin uniform building permit application for the construction or installation of a dwelling shall be filed with the municipality or the authorized UDC inspection agency administering and enforcing this code.

2. Pursuant to s. 101.63 (7m), Stats., each municipality shall contact the department to register and enroll in the department's online building permit system. Municipalities or its contracted agent shall then file all building permits in the format acceptable to the department no later than the 15th of the following month after the date the permit was issued.

Note: To register for the electronic building permit process the department may be contacted by telephone at (608) 266-2112, or via email at DSPSSBUDCTech@wisconsin.gov.

3. If the municipality administering and enforcing this code fails to file the electronic permit form information by the end of the first month following the date of issuance, the municipality, or the contracted inspection agency of that municipality shall refund to the person to whom the building permit was issued the amount of the permit fees less the fee paid to the state for the Wisconsin uniform building permit seal.

4. The Wisconsin uniform building permit shall not be issued nor shall the permit information be submitted electronically to the department prior to the receipt of all completed forms, fees, plans, and documents required to process the application and completion of other local prerequisite permitting requirements.

Note: The department requires copies of permits that are issued for new dwelling construction or installation only. Permits issued for additions, alterations, accessory buildings, etc., should not be filed with the department.

(b) *Additions, alterations and repairs.*

1. When required by local ordinance, permit applications for additions, alterations and repairs shall be filed with municipalities and counties in accordance with their adopted ordinances.

Note: The Department of Safety and Professional Services requires copies of permits that are issued for new dwelling construction only. Any permits issued for additions, alterations, repairs, garage construction, etc. are not required to be filed with the department.

2. Pursuant to s. 101.65 (1m), Stats., a building permit required under subd. 1. may not be issued unless the conditions of sub. (5) (c) are satisfied, except as provided under s. 101.654 (1) (b), Stats.

3. Building permits for additions, alterations and repairs are not required in municipalities where the department has jurisdiction under s. 101.651 (3) (b), Stats.

(c) *General requirements.*

1. The permit application shall be reviewed by a certified UDC inspector.

2. A permit may be issued only after approval of the requirements under this section by a certified UDC inspector.

3. Dwellings for which a permit has been issued shall be inspected in accordance with s. SPS 320.10.

154. Application for a Wisconsin uniform building permit shall be on forms obtained from the _____ administering and enforcing this code.

a. department
b. the municipality
c. the authorized UDC inspection agency
d. any of the above

155. Municipalities or its contracted agent shall then file all building permits in the format acceptable to the department no later than the _____ of the following month after the date the permit was issued.

a. 10th

b. 15th
c. 20th
d. 25th

156. If the municipality administering and enforcing this code fails to file the electronic permit form information by the end of the first month following the date of issuance, the municipality, or the contracted inspection agency of that municipality shall refund to the person to whom the building permit was issued the amount of the permit fees _____ the fee paid to the state for the Wisconsin uniform building permit seal.

a. including
b. less
c. both a or b
d. none of the above

157. When required by local ordinance, permit applications for additions, alterations and repairs shall be filed with _____ in accordance with their adopted ordinances.

a. municipalities
b. counties
c. both a & b
d. none of the above

158. Building permits for additions, alterations and repairs _____required in municipalities where the department has jurisdiction under s. 101.651 (3) (b), Stats.

a. are
b. are not
c. might be
d. none of the above

(3) FEES.

(a) *Municipal fees.*

1. The municipality shall, by ordinance, determine fees to cover expenses of plan examination, inspection and the issuance of the Wisconsin uniform building permit.

2. The municipality shall purchase a Wisconsin uniform building permit seal from the department for each new dwelling in accordance with s. SPS 302.34.

(b) *Inspection agency fees.*

1. UDC inspection agency fees shall be determined by contract between the municipality and the agency or between the department and the agency, where the agency has been authorized to conduct inspections on behalf of the department.

2. A UDC inspection agency shall purchase a Wisconsin uniform building permit seal from the department in accordance with s. SPS 302.34.

(4) PLAN SUBMITTALS. At least 2 sets of plans for all one- and 2-family dwellings shall be submitted to the municipality or authorized UDC inspection agency administering and enforcing this code, for examination and approval at the time the Wisconsin uniform building permit application is filed.

(5) REQUIRED PLANS. The required building plans shall be legible and drawn to scale or dimensioned and shall include all of the following:

(a) *Site plan.* The site plan shall show all of the following:

1. The location of the dwelling and any other buildings, wells, surface waters and dispersal systems on the site with respect to property lines and surface waters adjacent to the site.

2. The areas of land-disturbing construction activity and the location of all erosion and sediment control measures to be employed in order to comply with s. SPS 321.125.

3. The pre-construction ground surface slope and direction of runoff flow within the proposed areas of land disturbance.

(b) *Floor plan.*

1. Floor plans shall be provided for each floor.

2. The following features shall be included on all floor plans:

a. The size and location of all rooms, doors, windows, structural features, exit passageways and stairs.

b. The use of each room.

c. The location of plumbing fixtures, chimneys, heating and cooling appliances, and a heating distribution layout.

d. The location and construction details of wall bracing on each building side and floor level. The details may consist of the Wall Bracing Compliance Worksheet or a legend showing which wall bracing method is used and the lengths or number of braced wall panels and demarcation of the circumscribed rectangles if more than one is used.

(c) *Elevations.* The elevations shall show all of the following:

1. The exterior appearance of the building, including the type of exterior materials.

2. The location, size and configuration of doors, windows, roof, chimneys, exterior grade, footings and foundation walls.

159. The municipality shall, by_____, determine fees to cover expenses of plan examination, inspection and the issuance of the Wisconsin uniform building permit.

a. policy
b. ordinance
c. regulation
d. rule

160. A UDC inspection agency shall purchase a Wisconsin uniform building permit seal from the _____ in accordance with s. SPS 302.34.

a. town
b. city
c. village
d. department

161. At least _____ sets of plans for all one- and 2-family dwellings shall be submitted to the municipality or authorized UDC inspection agency administering and enforcing this code

a. one
b. two
c. three
d. none of the above

162. The required building plans shall be legible and drawn to scale or dimensioned and shall include the following:

a. site plan
b. floor plan
c. elevations
d. all of the above

(6) REQUIRED DATA.

(a) All plans submitted for approval shall be accompanied by sufficient data, calculations and information to determine if the dwelling will meet the requirements of this code.

(b) The data and information for determining compliance with the energy conservation standards shall be submitted in a format approved by the department.

(c) Except as required under s. SPS 321.33, a municipality exercising jurisdiction may not require plans or calculations to be stamped or sealed by an architect or engineer.

(d) The name of the initial downstream receiving water of the state from the dwelling shall be identified, regarding erosion and sediment control.

(7) MASTER PLANS.

(a) Where a dwelling is intended to be identically and repetitively constructed at different locations, a master plan may be submitted for approval.

(b) The plans shall include plans and data as required under subs. (5) and (6).

(c) If the plans conform to the provisions of the code, an approval and a master plan number shall be issued.

(d) The number issued may be used in lieu of submitting building plans for each location.

(e) A plot plan shall be submitted for each location at the time of application for the Wisconsin uniform building permit.

(8) APPROVAL OF PLANS.

(a) If the municipality or authorized UDC inspection agency administering and enforcing the code determines that the plans submitted for a one- or 2-family dwelling substantially conform to the provisions of this code and other legal requirements, an approval shall be issued.

(b) The plans shall be stamped “conditionally approved" by a certified inspector who holds the respective credential for the plans reviewed.

(c) One copy shall be returned to the applicant and one copy shall be retained by the municipality or authorized UDC inspection agency administering and enforcing this code.
(d) The conditions of approval shall be indicated by a letter or on the permit.
(e) All conditions of the approval shall be met during construction.

163. Required data include:
a. The data and information for determining compliance with the energy conservation standards shall be submitted in a format approved by the department.
b. The name of the initial downstream receiving water of the state from the dwelling shall be identified, regarding erosion and sediment control.
c. All plans submitted for approval shall be accompanied by sufficient data, calculations and information to determine if the dwelling will meet the requirements of this code.
d. all of the above

164. Approval of plans include:
a. The plans shall be stamped “conditionally approved" by a certified inspector who holds the respective credential for the plans reviewed.
b. If the municipality or authorized UDC inspection agency administering and enforcing the code determines that the plans submitted for a one- or 2-family dwelling substantially conform to the provisions of this code and other legal requirements, an approval shall be issued.
c. One copy shall be returned to the applicant and one copy shall be retained by the municipality or authorized UDC inspection agency administering and enforcing this code.
d. all of the above

(9) ISSUANCE AND POSTING OF PERMITS.
(a) *Uniform building permit.*
1. The Wisconsin uniform building permit shall be issued if the requirements for filing and fees are satisfied and the plans have been conditionally approved.
2. Pursuant to s. 101.65 (1m), Stats., a Wisconsin uniform building permit may not be issued to a person unless the person complies with subds. 3. and 4., except as provided under s. 101.654 (1) (b) and (c) 2., Stats.
Note: Section 101.654 (1) (b), Stats., exempts an owner of a dwelling who resides or will reside in the dwelling and who applies for a building permit to perform work on the dwelling from obtaining a dwelling contractor financial responsibility registration. Under s. 101.65 (1r), an owner who obtains a building permit needs to sign a statement advising the owner of the potential consequences of hiring a contractor to perform work under the permit who is not bonded or insured under s. 101.654 (2) (a), Stats.
Note: Section 101.654 (1) (c) 2., Stats., reads: “The continuing education requirements under par. (a) and the rules promulgated by the department under sub. (1m) do not apply to any person who holds a current license issued by the department at the time that the person obtains a building permit if the work the person does under the permit is work for which the person is licensed."
3. A person applying for a Wisconsin uniform building permit for work covered under ch. SPS 321 or 322 who is not the owner who resides or will reside in the dwelling shall hold one of the following credentials issued by the department:
a. A dwelling contractor certification.
b. A dwelling contractor — restricted certification.
c. A dwelling contractor financial responsibility certification.
d. A dwelling contractor financial responsibility — restricted certification.
4. A person applying for a Wisconsin uniform building permit for work covered under ch. SPS 321 or 322 who is not the owner who resides or will reside in the dwelling shall hold or engage, as an employee, a person who holds a certification issued by the department as a dwelling contractor qualifier.
5. The permit shall expire 24 months after issuance if the dwelling exterior has not been completed.
6. Pursuant to s. 101.63 (7), Stats., the name and license number of the Wisconsin master plumber responsible for the installation of plumbing shall be entered on the permit by the issuing entity at the time of issuance.
(b) *Permit to start construction of footings and foundation.*
1. Construction may begin on footings and foundations prior to the issuance of the Wisconsin uniform building permit where a permit to start construction is obtained.
2. Upon submittal of the application for a permit to start construction, a plot plan, complete footing and foundation information including exterior grading, and a fee, the municipality or authorized UDC inspection agency enforcing this code may issue a permit to start construction of the footings and foundation.

3. The issuance of a permit to start construction shall not influence the approval or denial of the Wisconsin uniform building permit application.

(c) *Private onsite wastewater treatment systems.* Pursuant to s. 145.195, Stats., if the proposed construction requires connection to a private onsite wastewater treatment system, a Wisconsin uniform building permit may not be issued unless conformance with s. SPS 383.25 (2) has first been determined.

Note: See ch. SPS 325 Appendix A for a reprint of s. SPS 383.25 (2).

(d) *Posting of permit.*

1. The Wisconsin uniform building permit shall be posted in a conspicuous place at the dwelling site.

2. The Wisconsin uniform building permit seal shall be affixed to the posted permit or to the Wisconsin uniform building permit application. The permit seal number shall appear on both documents.

165. Note: Section 101.654 (1) (b), Stats., exempts an owner of a dwelling who _____ in the dwelling and who applies for a building permit to perform work on the dwelling from obtaining a dwelling contractor financial responsibility registration.

a. resides
b. will reside
c. both a or b
d. none of the above

166. The permit shall expire____ months after issuance if the dwelling exterior has not been completed.

a. 12
b. 24
c. 36
d. 48

167. The name and license number of the Wisconsin _____ responsible for the installation of plumbing shall be entered on the permit by the issuing entity at the time of issuance.

a. master electrician
b. heating contractor
c. master plumber
d. all of the above

168. Permit to start construction of footings and foundation include:

a. Construction may begin on footings and foundations prior to the issuance of the Wisconsin uniform building permit where a permit to start construction is obtained.
b. Upon submittal of the application for a permit to start construction, a plot plan, complete footing and foundation information including exterior grading, and a fee, the municipality or authorized UDC inspection agency enforcing this code may issue a permit to start construction of the footings and foundation.
c. The issuance of a permit to start construction shall not influence the approval or denial of the Wisconsin uniform building permit application.
d. all of the above

169. if the proposed construction requires connection to a private onsite wastewater treatment system, a Wisconsin uniform building permit may not be issued unless conformance with s. SPS _____ (2) has first been determined.

a. 381.25
b. 382.25
c. 383.25
d. none of the above

170. Posting of permit must include:

a. The Wisconsin uniform building permit shall be posted in a conspicuous place at the dwelling site.
b. The Wisconsin uniform building permit seal shall be affixed to the posted permit or to the Wisconsin uniform building permit application.
c. The permit seal number shall appear on both documents.
d. all of the above

(10) DISAPPROVAL OF PLANS AND DENIAL OF PERMITS.

(a) *General.* Approval shall be denied if the municipality or authorized UDC inspection agency administering and enforcing this code determines that the Wisconsin uniform building permit application or the plans do not substantially conform to the provisions of this code and other legal requirements.

(b) *Denial of application.* A copy of the denied application, accompanied by a written statement specifying the reasons for denial, shall be sent to the applicant and to the owner as specified on the Wisconsin uniform building permit application.

(c) *Stamping of plans.*

1. Plans which do not substantially conform to the provisions of the code shall be stamped “not approved."

2. One copy shall be returned to the person applying for the Wisconsin uniform building permit and one copy shall be retained by the municipality or authorized UDC inspection agency administering and enforcing the code.

(d) *Appeals.* The applicant may appeal a denial of the application in accordance with the procedure outlined in s. SPS 320.21.

(11) TIME-SPAN FOR APPROVAL OR DENIAL. Action to approve or deny a uniform building permit application shall be completed within 10 business days of receipt of all forms, fees, plans and documents required to process the application, and completion of other local prerequisite permitting requirements.

171. Approval shall be denied if the _____ administering and enforcing this code determines that the Wisconsin uniform building permit application or the plans do not substantially conform to the provisions of this code and other legal requirements.
- a. municipality
- b. authorized UDC inspection agency
- c. both a or b
- d. none of the above

172. A copy of the denied application, accompanied by a written statement specifying the reasons for denial, shall be sent to the _____ as specified on the Wisconsin uniform building permit application.
- a. applicant
- b. owner
- c. both a & b
- d. none of the above

173. TIME-SPAN FOR APPROVAL OR DENIAL. Action to approve or deny a uniform building permit application shall be completed within _____ business days of receipt of all forms, fees, plans and documents required to process the application, and completion of other local prerequisite permitting requirements.
- a. 2
- b. 5
- c. 10
- d. 15

SPS 320.10 Inspections.

(1) INSPECTOR CERTIFICATION. All inspections, for the purpose of administering and enforcing this code, shall be performed by an inspector certified in accordance with ch. SPS 305 who holds the respective credential for the inspection performed.

(2) GENERAL INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS.

(a) *General.* Inspections shall be conducted by the municipality or authorized UDC inspection agency administering and enforcing this code to determine if the construction or installations conform to the conditionally approved plans, the Wisconsin uniform building permit application and the provisions of this code.

(b) *Inspection notice.*

1. The applicant or an authorized representative shall request inspections from the municipality or authorized UDC inspection agency administering and enforcing this code.

2. Except as provided under subd. 3., construction may not proceed beyond the point of inspection until the inspection has been completed.

3. Construction may proceed if the inspection has not taken place by the end of the second business day following the day of notification or as otherwise agreed between the applicant and the municipality or authorized UDC inspection agency.

174. INSPECTOR CERTIFICATION. All inspections, for the purpose of administering and enforcing this code, shall be performed by an inspector certified in accordance with ch. _____ who holds the respective credential for the inspection performed.

a. SPS 303
b. SPS 304
c. SPS 305
d. SPS 306

175. Construction may proceed if the inspection has not taken place by the end of the_____ business day following the day of notification.

a. second
b. third
c. fourth
d. none of the above

(3) INSPECTION TYPES.

(a) *General.* The inspections described in pars. (b) to (i) shall be performed to determine if the work complies with this code.

(b) *Erosion control inspection.* Erosion control inspections shall be performed concurrently with all other required construction inspections. Additional inspections for erosion control may be performed by the delegated authority.

(c) *Foundation excavation inspection.*

1. The excavation for the foundation shall be inspected after the placement of any forms or required reinforcement and prior to the placement of the permanent foundation material.

2. If a drain tile system is required, by the local inspector or by groundwater levels in the excavation, the presence and location of bleeders used to connect the interior and exterior drain tile shall be inspected at the same time as the excavation.

Note: This excavation inspection may be used to determine the need for drain tile under s. SPS 321.17.

(d) *Foundation reinforcement inspection.* The placement of reinforcement shall be inspected where the reinforcement is required for code compliance.

(e) *Foundation inspection.* The foundation shall be inspected after completion. Where damp proofing, exterior insulation or drain tile are required for code compliance, the foundation shall be inspected prior to backfilling.

(f) *Rough inspection.*

1.

a. The basement floor area.

Note: The inspection of the basement floor area should include the following: any underfloor plumbing, electrical, or HVAC; any interior drain tile with base course required under s. SPS 321.17; the structural base course for the floor slab if required under s. SPS 321.20; and the underfloor vapor retarder as required under s. SPS 322.38.

b. General construction, including framing.

c. Rough electrical.

d. Rough plumbing.

e. Rough heating, ventilating and air conditioning.

2. All categories of work for rough inspections may be completed before the notice for inspection is given, provided the work has not been covered.

3. The applicant may request one rough inspection or individual rough inspections.

4. A separate fee may be charged for each individual inspection.

(g) *Insulation inspection.* An inspection shall be made of the insulation and vapor retarders after they are installed but before they are concealed.

(h) *Final inspection.*

1. Except as provided under subd. 2., the dwelling may not be occupied until a final inspection has been made that finds no critical violations of this code that could reasonably be expected to affect the health or safety of a person using the dwelling.

2. Occupancy may proceed in accordance with local ordinances if the inspection has not been completed by the end of the fifth business day following the day of notification or as otherwise agreed between the applicant and the department or municipality.

(i) *Installation inspection.* An inspection shall be performed on the installation of a manufactured home or modular home.

Note: The design and construction of manufactured homes is regulated by the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development under Title 24 CFR Part 3280.

176. The dwelling may not be occupied until a _____ inspection has been made that finds no critical violations of this code that could reasonably be expected to affect the health or safety of a person using the dwelling.

a. final
b. rough
c. foundation
d. insulation

177. An inspection shall be made of the _____ and vapor retarders after they are installed but before they are concealed.

a. final
b. rough
c. foundation
d. insulation

178. A _____inspection shall be performed for each inspection category listed under subd. 1. a. to e. after the rough work is constructed but before it is concealed.

a. final inspection
b. rough
c. foundation
d. insulation inspection

179. The _____ shall be inspected after completion. Where damp proofing, exterior insulation or drain tile are required for code compliance, the foundation shall be inspected prior to backfilling.

a. final inspection
b. rough
c. foundation
d. insulation inspection

(4) NOTICE OF COMPLIANCE OR NONCOMPLIANCE.

(a) *General.*

1. Notice of compliance or noncompliance with this code shall be written on the building permit or another readily visible means and posted at the job site. Alternatively, the notice may be delivered electronically if mutually agreed upon by the applicant and inspector.

2. Upon finding of noncompliance, the municipality or authorized UDC inspection agency enforcing this code shall also notify the applicant of record and the owner, in writing, of the violations to be corrected. Alternatively, the notification may be delivered electronically if mutually agreed upon by the applicant and inspector.

3. Except as specified under par. (b), the municipality or authorized UDC inspection agency shall order all cited violations corrected within 30 days after written notification, unless an extension of time is granted under s. SPS 320.21.

(b) *Erosion and sediment control requirements.*

1. The time period allowed for compliance with the erosion and sediment control provisions under s. SPS 321.125 shall be determined based on the severity of the noncompliance in relation to soil loss or potential damage to the waters of the state.

2. Pursuant to s. 101.653 (7) (b), Stats., the department, a municipality or the designated UDC inspection agency may issue a special order directing an immediate cessation of construction work on other aspects of the dwelling until compliance with the erosion and sediment control provisions under s. SPS 321.125 is attained. Construction work may resume once the erosion and sediment control compliance corrections are completed.

Note: Section 101.653 (7) (b) reads: "The department or a city, village, town or county may issue a special order directing the immediate cessation of work on a one- or 2-family dwelling until the necessary plan approval is obtained or until the site complies with the rules promulgated under sub. (2)."

180. The municipality or authorized UDC inspection agency shall order all cited violations corrected within _____ days after written notification

a. 7

b. 2
c. 30
d.14

181. Upon finding of noncompliance, the municipality or authorized UDC inspection agency enforcing this code shall also notify the _____, in writing, of the violations to be corrected.

a. applicant of record
b. the owner
c. both a & b
d. both a or b

SPS 320 Code Quiz part 1

1	a	b	c	d	41	a	b	c	d	81	a	b	c	d	121	a	b	c	d
2	a	b	c	d	42	a	b	c	d	82	a	b	c	d	122	a	b	c	d
3	a	b	c	d	43	a	b	c	d	83	a	b	c	d	123	a	b	c	d
4	a	b	c	d	44	a	b	c	d	84	a	b	c	d	124	a	b	c	d
5	a	b	c	d	45	a	b	c	d	85	a	b	c	d	125	a	b	c	d
6	a	b	c	d	46	a	b	c	d	86	a	b	c	d	126	a	b	c	d
7	a	b	c	d	47	a	b	c	d	87	a	b	c	d	127	a	b	c	d
8	a	b	c	d	48	a	b	c	d	88	a	b	c	d	128	a	b	c	d
9	a	b	c	d	49	a	b	c	d	89	a	b	c	d	129	a	b	c	d
10	a	b	c	d	50	a	b	c	d	90	a	b	c	d	130	a	b	c	d
11	a	b	c	d	51	a	b	c	d	91	a	b	c	d	131	a	b	c	d
12	a	b	c	d	52	a	b	c	d	92	a	b	c	d	132	a	b	c	d
13	a	b	c	d	53	a	b	c	d	93	a	b	c	d	133	a	b	c	d
14	a	b	c	d	54	a	b	c	d	94	a	b	c	d	134	a	b	c	d
15	a	b	c	d	55	a	b	c	d	95	a	b	c	d	135	a	b	c	d
16	a	b	c	d	56	a	b	c	d	96	a	b	c	d	136	a	b	c	d
17	a	b	c	d	57	a	b	c	d	97	a	b	c	d	137	a	b	c	d
18	a	b	c	d	58	a	b	c	d	98	a	b	c	d	138	a	b	c	d
19	a	b	c	d	59	a	b	c	d	99	a	b	c	d	139	a	b	c	d
20	a	b	c	d	60	a	b	c	d	100	a	b	c	d	140	a	b	c	d
21	a	b	c	d	61	a	b	c	d	101	a	b	c	d	141	a	b	c	d
22	a	b	c	d	62	a	b	c	d	102	a	b	c	d	142	a	b	c	d
23	a	b	c	d	63	a	b	c	d	103	a	b	c	d	143	a	b	c	d
24	a	b	c	d	64	a	b	c	d	104	a	b	c	d	144	a	b	c	d
25	a	b	c	d	65	a	b	c	d	105	a	b	c	d	145	a	b	c	d
26	a	b	c	d	66	a	b	c	d	106	a	b	c	d	146	a	b	c	d
27	a	b	c	d	67	a	b	c	d	107	a	b	c	d	147	a	b	c	d
28	a	b	c	d	68	a	b	c	d	108	a	b	c	d	148	a	b	c	d
29	a	b	c	d	69	a	b	c	d	109	a	b	c	d	149	a	b	c	d
30	a	b	c	d	70	a	b	c	d	110	a	b	c	d	150	a	b	c	d
31	a	b	c	d	71	a	b	c	d	111	a	b	c	d	151	a	b	c	d
32	a	b	c	d	72	a	b	c	d	112	a	b	c	d	152	a	b	c	d
33	a	b	c	d	73	a	b	c	d	113	a	b	c	d	153	a	b	c	d
34	a	b	c	d	74	a	b	c	d	114	a	b	c	d	154	a	b	c	d
35	a	b	c	d	75	a	b	c	d	115	a	b	c	d	155	a	b	c	d
36	a	b	c	d	76	a	b	c	d	116	a	b	c	d	156	a	b	c	d
37	a	b	c	d	77	a	b	c	d	117	a	b	c	d	157	a	b	c	d
38	a	b	c	d	78	a	b	c	d	118	a	b	c	d	158	a	b	c	d
39	a	b	c	d	79	a	b	c	d	119	a	b	c	d	159	a	b	c	d
40	a	b	c	d	80	a	b	c	d	120	a	b	c	d	160	a	b	c	d

SPS 320 Code Quiz part 1

121	a	b	c	d	141	a	b	c	d	161	a	b	c	d
122	a	b	c	d	142	a	b	c	d	162	a	b	c	d
123	a	b	c	d	143	a	b	c	d	163	a	b	c	d
124	a	b	c	d	144	a	b	c	d	164	a	b	c	d
125	a	b	c	d	145	a	b	c	d	165	a	b	c	d
126	a	b	c	d	146	a	b	c	d	166	a	b	c	d
127	a	b	c	d	147	a	b	c	d	167	a	b	c	d
128	a	b	c	d	148	a	b	c	d	168	a	b	c	d
129	a	b	c	d	149	a	b	c	d	169	a	b	c	d
130	a	b	c	d	150	a	b	c	d	170	a	b	c	d
131	a	b	c	d	151	a	b	c	d	171	a	b	c	d
132	a	b	c	d	152	a	b	c	d	172	a	b	c	d
133	a	b	c	d	153	a	b	c	d	173	a	b	c	d
134	a	b	c	d	154	a	b	c	d	174	a	b	c	d
135	a	b	c	d	155	a	b	c	d	175	a	b	c	d
136	a	b	c	d	156	a	b	c	d	176	a	b	c	d
137	a	b	c	d	157	a	b	c	d	177	a	b	c	d
138	a	b	c	d	158	a	b	c	d	178	a	b	c	d
139	a	b	c	d	159	a	b	c	d	179	a	b	c	d
140	a	b	c	d	160	a	b	c	d	180	a	b	c	d
										181	a	b	c	d

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Course Title and Name SPS 320 Code Quiz part 1

List each credential held by attendee_____

_____Credited Hours 6 hrs

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To be completed by GaryKlinka.com

Course Password_____Course ID# 22930

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Instructor Signature_____